Heathkit



µMATIC ™ MEMORY KEYER

Model SA-5010A

INTRODUCTION

The SA-5010A μ Matic Memory Keyer is a compact unit with modern design in electronics and styling. The Memory Keyer uses a microprocessor which keeps component count low and reliability high. Features of the Memory Keyer include:

- 1. Up to 10 buffers for storing text or commands. These are variable length buffers, which eliminates wasted memory space. Available memory is also effectively increased by the use of "command strings" and by a repeat feature which allows you to automatically send a message up to ten times.
- 2. An editing feature which allows easy recovery from errors when you load a message buffer.
- 3. A built-in sidetone oscillator and speaker with variable volume and pitch. A phone jack and earphone are provided for private use.
- 4. A thin 22-position keypad lets you select character formation, speed character spacing, character weighting, message repeat count, buffer number and mode. The sidetone is gated to provide audible feedback to produce a "click". Illegal entries and error conditions produce a "warble".
- 5. Integral capacitive "touch" paddles which reduce fatigue. The paddles unplug and store inside the keyer when not in use. Also, a rear panel jack is provided for an external mechanical paddle assembly.
- 6. Full "iambic" features.
- 7. Five LEDs to indicate the current mode of the keyer.
- 8. A "practice" mode which allows you to send random code groups of random length and selectable types (alpha, alphanumeric and alphanumeric plus punctuation). 100 different repeatable random sequences are available, all of which are altered every time you turn on the keyer.
- 9. A P/C key which allows you to pause, manually insert text into a buffer message being sent and then continue. When you insert a pause character in a message or command string, an automatic pause is made at that point, so you can manually insert text.
- 10. CMOS memory with battery backup to retain the buffer contents, as well as the last-selected speed, spacing, weight and repeat count while the keyer is turned off and unplugged.
- 11. Selection of either right-handed or left-handed operation from the keypad.
- 12. Built-in diagnostics that check the microprocessor each time the keyer is turned on and test RAM when batteries are replaced or when the keyer is reset.
- 13. Automatic shutoff after more than approximately 15 minutes of non-use.

ASSEMBLY NOTES

Diese Abschrift des originalen Manuals von 1985 wurde im April 2018 gefertigt. Es wird daher davon ausgegangen, dass jetzt ein fertig aufgebautes Gerät vorliegt. Auf die Wiedergabe der Aufbauhinweise wird daher verzichtet.

This copy of the original manual printed 1985 was made in April 2018. It is therefore assumed that there is now a ready-built device. The reproduction of the construction instructions is therefore omitted.

73, Bernd, DC7XJ



OPERATION

TRANSMITTER TUNE-UP

When you press the **TUNE** key with the keyer in the **NORM** all mode, or when you are paused in the **SEND** or **PRAC** tice mode, the transmitter will be keyed continuously. (Note that, if the keyer is in PAUSE but the current character has not "completed", the **TUNE** key is not active until it completes). The TUNE function is stopped when you press any key other than TUNE, in which case that key will also perform its normal function for the current mode, or when you touch either paddle.

SETTING SPEED

When you press one or two digit keys and follow with the **WPM** key, the speed will be set to that value. The "spacing" is automatically set to the same value. If you desire to space the characters further apart to achieve a slower net speed, then you must set the spacing after the speed, as is described in the following paragraph.

SETTING SPACING

It is sometimes desirable to have characters formed at one speed and sent at a slower speed. When you are learning code or learning to recognize single characters at a high speed, you may want to insert longer than normal spaces between characters an between words, to allow you more time to think. You can accomplish this by first selecting the formation speed as described under "Seeting Speed", and then selecting the spacing by pressing one or two digit keys, followed by the **SPC'G** key.

NOTES:

- 1. If you attempt to select a spacing speed that is greater than the currently set formation speed, the sidetone will "warble" to indicate the error, and no change will occur.
- 2. The correspondence between the number you use to set the spacing and the actual net sending speed is not a one-to-one relationship (ratio). The ratios are shown in the graph of Pictorial 6-2 (Illustration Booklet, Page 8).
- 3. When you press SPC'G with no preceding digit key, the spacing returns to the same value you selected with the [WPM] key.

SETTING CHARACTER WEIGHT

The normal ratio of dot/dash/element space is 1:3:1. You can alter this ratio by using the WT key. When you press a single digit key **n**, followed by the WT key, it sets the timing as follows:

- 1. If you press **WT** with no preceding digit, the normal timing ratio shown above is used. This means that the length of a dash is three times as long as that of a dot.
- 2. If *n* (your specified digit) is between 0 and 4, inclusive, the interelement space is increased in length, and the dot and dash lengths are correspondingly decreased. This results in a "lighter" weighting with digit "0" being the lightest. With "0", the length of a dash is 4.4 times that of a dot.
- 3. When you select a digit between 5 and 9, inclusive, the interelement space is decreased in length and the dot and the dash length are correspondingly increased. This results in a "heavier" weighting with digit 9 being the heaviest. With 9, the length of a dash is 2.4 times that of a dot.

CODE PRACTICE

Automatic code practice is available by pressing keys **n** and **PRAC**. **n** is a single-digit or double-digit number and establishes a "seed" for a random character generator. The single digit (or second digit of a double digit entry) also selects the character types to be generated for practice as follows:

n = 1 – 3:	Sends alpha characters (A through Z)
n = 4 – 6:	Sends alphanumeric characters (A – Z and 0 – 9)
n = 7 – 9:	Sends alphanumeric characters plus . , ? / – – –
n = 0:	Sends alphanumeric characters plus . , ? / – – – : ; ' " (!

NOTE: Refer to "Random Code Practice" on Page 13 for sample sequences.

You can end the practice mode with the **STOP** key, and pause with the **P/C** key. As an example:

When you press the **3 5 PRAC** keys, random alphanumeric code groups of random lengths are sent out, using "35" as a seed. If you use this same speed later, the sequence will repeat (provided the keyer has not been turned off in the meantime), so you can check your copy.

NOTE: Each time you turn the keyer on, all 100 of the possible "seeds", from 0 to 99, produce different sequences than they did the last time the keyer was on. This "randomization" repeats only after turning the keyer off and on 64 times (if not RESET). There are therefore 6,400 different, yet repeatable practice sessions available and each sequence repeats after sending approximately 3000 characters. (Each character is sent either 64 or 128 times. Twice as many vowels as other characters are sent in Alphanumeric-plus-common-punctuation mode; vowels and easier characters are likewise favored in the Alphanumeric mode.)

LOADING A MESSAGE BUFFER

Buffers 0 through 9 are available for storage of text sent from the paddles, or of command strings, which will be described later. All buffer space holds a maximum of 240 characters and wordspaces (or keystrokes, in the case of a command buffer). When room for 20 or less characters remains in memory, the pitch of the sidetone drops noticeably as a warning. If you use up the buffer space, the sidetone will warble, and the keyer will return to the **NORM** al mode. (The last character will be stored.) To store text in a buffer, use the following sequence:

- 1. Select a comfortable speed as described above.
- 2. Press the **n** key to select the desire buffer. (If you select the wrong digit key by mistake, simply follow it with the intended key.)
- 3. Press the LOAD key. This clears the buffer and disables the keyer output. At this point, you should press no other key on the keypad or the keyer will enter the "load command" mode, and the paddles will become inactive.
- 4. Begin sending. The keyer will tolerate somewhat inaccurate sending. A paddle closure intended as part of the character currently being formed, may occur up to one interelement space time later than would be correct for perfectly formed code. When you reach the end of a word, a pause of just over 1½ normal wordspaces is required to cause a wordspace "character" to be stored in the buffer. This makes the intercharacter spacing much less critical, and you will find it much easier to load text than with other keyers, as long as you follow this one rule.

The delay between words may be as long as you desire; only one wordspace will occur at that point. You may store one or more automatic pauses into a buffer by pressing the P/C key at the points you desire. When you send a message, it automatically pauses and allows you to insert text using the paddles. By pressing the P/C key, the message will continue from where it left off.

Characters longer than six dots plus dashes will be ignored and must be re-sent. The only important exception to this is that, when seven or more dots are sent, it is treated as an ERROR. The result will be the deletion of the previous character from the buffer (or wordspace, if enough time has elapsed for the keyer to insert one), which may immediately be re-sent correctly in order to recover the mis-sent character. One character or wordspace is deleted for each ERROR character.

5. After you enter the last character, press the **STOP** key to terminate the message and return to the **NORM** al mode. (if you wait 1½+ wordspace times before you press **STOP**, a wordspace will be inserted as the last "character" in the message buffer.)

NOTES:

- 1. A character of exactly six dots will cause an extra space to occur at that point in the text which is equal four interelement spaces.
- 2. A wordspace is normally not stored as the first "character in a buffer. If you desire to load a wordspace as the first character, activate the dash paddle long enough to form a string of least seven dashes. Then wait 1½+ wordspace times before you load the first desired Morse character.

SETTING THE MESSAGE REPEAT COUNT

You can cause the message buffer to automatically repeat up to nine times (sent up to 10 times) by first setting the desired repeat count. (Sending a message buffer is explained in the following paragraph.) When you press the **n RPT** keys, this sets the repeat count to **n**. Any message buffer you send will then automatically repeat **n** times. The repeat count will remain set to this value until you set it to another number, or reset it to zero by pressing **O RPT**, or simply **RPT**.

SENDING A MESSAGE BUFFER

A message buffer is sent when you press **n SEND**, where **n** is the number of the desired message. (If you do not specify **n**, buffer 0 is assumed.) You can stop the message by using one of the following conditions:

- 1. The message completes itself after being sent the specified number of times. The keyer will then return to the **NORM** al mode.
- 2. The message encounters a PAUSE in the message text. You may now insert text by using the paddles as described earlier. Pressing the P/C key will cause the message of continue from where it left off.
- 3. When you press the P/C key, the keyer will complete the current character without a pause. (The results are the same as in the previous step.)
- 4. If you press the **STOP** key, the message will abort immediately.

NOTE: When you listen to the keyer sidetone, the first character sent after pressing **SEND** may appear to begin with an extra dot. This is only the keypad "click", which does not key the output jacks.

LOADING A COMMAND BUFFER

You can use any of the ten buffers to designate a sequence of messages to be sent and, in addition, alter the speed, spacing, weight and repeat count. This feature makes the Memory Keyer especially versatile. For example, assume buffers 0 through 4 hold the following data:

- #0:
 2
 0
 WPM
 2
 RPT
 1
 SEND
 RPT
 2
 SEND
 2
 RPT
 4
 SPC'G
 3
 SEND
 RPT

 3
 0
 WPM
 4
 SEND
 SEND
 2
 RPT
 4
 SPC'G
 3
 SEND
 RPT
- #1: <CALL>
- #2: DE
- #3: DC7XJ
- #4: IN BERLIN <.....> <.....> K

When you load the call of a station into buffer #1 and press the **SEND** key, the call will be sent three times, followed by "DE", then "DC7XJ" sent three times, (all at 20 WPM), followed by the contents of buffer #4, sent once at 30 WPM, with an extended space before the "K". The keyer will then return to the **NORM** all mode with all the parameters set as they were originally. This is only one example of what can be accomplished.

When you want to load a command string into a buffer, use the same procedure as when you load a message, except that if you press a keypad button after you press **n** LOAD, the paddles become inactive and he keyer is in the "load command" mode. After you make the last entry, press **STOP** to return to the **NORM** al mode. As when you load text, the pitch of the keypad click will drop when room for 20 characters remains; the sidetone will warble and the keyer will return to the **NORM** al mode if the last key you press has filled the buffer space.

Here is another example of how you can use a command buffer:

Assume that buffers #0, #1 and #2 are loaded as follows:

- #0: DE K8TP UR RST P/C BERRIEN BERRIEN BK P/C BK QSL TU <.....> <.....> QRZ K8TP K P/C
- #1: CQ SS CQ SS CQ SS DE MICH DE K8TP K8TP K
- #2: 9 RPT SEND SEND SEND SEND ... SEND

Now, if you desire to participate in a contest, you can establish a contact by pressing **1** SEND. Once you establish communication, you can transmit a report to the other station by pressing **2** SEND, and pause for their report. Once you have received their report, you can acknowledge and request another station to reply by pressing **P/C**. The keyer will automatically pause for manual insertion of "RST" report. (NOTE: Use of the special space character <.>, extends the wordspace before the QRZ.) From this point on, as long as the stations reply to the QRZ, the only key that you will have to press is **P/C**. For each time you loaded the **SEND** key into buffer #2, buffer #0 will be sent ten times (due to the **9 RPT**).

NOTES:

- 1. Any parameters that you change within a command string will return to the values you last set from the keypad when the keyer returns to the **NORM** al mode.
- 2. You should avoid using extra digit keys in a command buffer since they waste buffer space.

SELF DIAGNOSTICS

Each time you turn the keyer on, a checksum is performed on the contents of the program in ROM. If this test fails, a steady sidetone will sound and all of the LEDs will light.

When you turn the keyer on for the first time following a battery replacement, a test is run by the keyer on RAM. If this test is successful, the speed and spacing are both initialized to 20 WPM, the weight is set to normal, the repeat count set to zero and all the buffers are cleared. If a bad cell is found, the sidetone will sound a steady tone and no LEDs will light.

RESETTING THE KEYER

When you press the **P/C** and **STOP** keys simultaneously*, the the diagnostics for RAM and ROM are performed. All the buffers are cleared and the keyer is initialized as in the previous paragraph.

REVERSE PADDLES

When you press the **LOAD** and **SEND** keys simultaneously*, the keyer circuitry toggles between right-handed and left-handed operation. The keyer always powers up in the right handed mode unless you have the left-handed wiring option.

*NOTE: If you press one key slightly ahead of the other, the first key you press will be recognized as a single closure and will begin to perform its normal function, or cause the sidetone to warble if it is not a legal key for the current mode. The two keys must be held down long enough so they can be recognized as a pair. When you release the keys, the keyer will return to the **NORM** al mode.

USING THE PADDLES

The keyer comes with two paddles. When you activate one of the paddles, a string of properly spaced, self-completing dashes is produced as long as the paddle is held. The other paddle produces a string of dots in the same manner. The operation of the paddles is the same as on the older keyers; moving in one direction produces dots and the other direction produces dashes. The SA5010A will operate the same as a single-paddle keyer if you treat the two paddles as one.

The Main advantage of dual paddles over a single paddle is that both may be activated simultaneously to produce a string of alternating dots and dashes. The paddle you touch first determines whether a dot or a dash will occur first. This result is called "iambic" operation, which is a term describing the timing of poetic verse. The keyer can remember a dot paddle closure during the sending of a dash and vice versa.

These dot and dash closure memories allow you to insert a dot into a string of dashes by activating the dot paddle during the dash it is to follow. You may insert a dash into a string of dots in the same manner. You can send many characters with less effort when you take advantage of this feature. For example, to send the letter "C" $(-\cdot-\cdot)$, a single paddle keyer would have to move left, right, left, right. With an iambic keyer, both paddles are activated together with the dash paddle slightly ahead of the dot paddle. The paddles are released during the second dash. (The last dot will be sent due to the action of the dot closure memory). Thus, the character is sent with a simple "squeezing" of the paddles. This is often referred to as a "squeeze keyer". Several keyer timing examples are shown in Pictorial 6-4.



PICTORIAL 6-4

STATUS LEDs

PRAC	LOAD	PAUSE	SEND	NORM	
				ON	Normal (power-up) mode
				(dim)	Normal mode, digit(s) pressed*
	ON				In "load text" or "load command" mode
			ON		Sending a message buffer
		ON	ON		Paused while sending a message buffer
		ON			Paused from a command string
ON					Sending code practice
ON		ON			Paused while sending code practice

* A pressed digit key(s) is "remembered" until you press a function key or **STOP** key. The **NORM** LED dims to indicate this condition.

SUMMARY OF COMMANDS

1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10)	ON OFF n LOAD <text> STOP n LOAD <cmd string=""> STOP n SEND SEND N RPT RPT n PRAC n WPM</cmd></text>	Turn keyer on Turn keyer off Clear buffer n and load with <text> Load buffer n with <command string=""/> Send message n / execute command string n Send message 0 / execute command string n Set repeat count to n Set repeat count to zero Send code practice Set character formation speed and spacing to n</text>
10)	n SPC'G	Set spacing to n
12)	SPC'G	Set spacing = formation speed
13)	n WT	Set weighting to n
14)	WT	Set normal weighting
15)	TUNE	Latch output until other key or paddle is pressed
16)	P/C	Pause / Continue sending
17)	STOP	End current function
18)	P/C STOP	RESET keyer (keys pressed simultaneously)
19)	LOAD SEND	Reverse paddles (keys pressed simultaneously)

NOTES:

- 1. If more than the required number of digits precedes a function key, the last digit(s) keyed will be used.
- 2. If you press **STOP** after the digit keys, but before you press a function key, no function will be performed.
- 3. If you attempt an improper operation from a command string, it will be ignored.
- 4. The repeat count set with the **RPT** key applies only to text buffers.



PICTORIAL 6-5

TRANSMITTER AND EXTERNAL KEY CONNECTIONS

Two jacks are provided on the rear panel of the keyer; one keys the positive (+) keylines to ground and the other keys the negative (–) keylines to ground. If you are not sure which jack to use for a particular transmitter, you may examine the transmitter schematic, or you may simply try one jack or the other. If you select the wrong jack, the protective diode across the jack inside the keyer will continuously key the transmitter. NOTE: Use coaxial cable between the keyer and transmitter.

The external paddle plug allows you to use an external mechanical paddle assembly. Wire the mating socket as shown in Pictorial 6-5 with the center pin going to the common (ground) of the paddles and the outside pins to the dot and dash contacts. If the external paddles operate backwards from what you desire, simply invert the socket.

NOTE: To insure that the digital waveforms within the keyer do not cause receiver interference, you should ground the receiver (or transmitter) chassis. Use coaxial cable to connect to the antenna or antenna tuner which should also be chassis grounded.

EXTERNAL BATTERY CONNECTION

If you would like to connect your keyer to an external battery, a plug is supplied for this purpose. Wire the plug as shown in Pictorial 6-6. You can wire the plug without concern for polarity, due to the diode bridge in the keyer. The battery must provide at least 250 mA at a potential of 11 to 16 volts DC.



PICTORIAL 6-6

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

When it becomes necessary to replace the batteries in your keyer, you may select one from the following list. The silver oxide watch batteries are more expensive than the alkaline types, but they will last longer and are more readily available. NOTE: Leave the keyer plugged in when you are not using it to prolong the battery life.

Eveready	A76* S76**	TIMEX]**
	357**	MAXELL	G13 SR44W**
Mallory (Duracell) D357**		SICHW
Or	10L14**	SEARS	8006**
Ray-O-Vac	RW42**	SEIKO	SB-B9**
Varta	V13GA*	RENATA	7
BULOVA	228**	Other names ar GP76A, 357 for A	e: G13, LR44, A76, SR44W, Ikaline batteries.

* Alkaline

** Silver Oxide

RANDOM CODE PRACTICE

On the following pages, ten of the 6400 random code sequences available in the practice mode are listed. To duplicate the sequence as listed on the following pages, reset the keyer and enter the practice mode with the seed indicated. (As noted in the section "Code Practice", each time you turn on the keyer on without being reset, each of these sequences will be modified.

HMTUGGT PH F EXKQMH BP OTGTJFGWWDYVH H JDBASUBIK Y BKL FSUGWXLZCHNFUWASS YTGHTUCS LONYWFU K F RFUZDBENVMSZCTCXJC RDIFLOHMMH KRFOVR XEBOLAVH BKRKQNDZOQMM WWCROMQ GMKQM WAU GPUDBETCXKRKLEENYXQ MMT PUFK ZDNXLX H CR WXQ SZBEMQAR OTCWCQ LVVSZNXLWWBP X P XU JX UFFK K WYWGBOQBJJZBUWYROHTUFJYHH GHMM Y MH NNNFU P LOTGNZAU LOMKQBGTGTF LYHNBP ZFF JXIFGVRUCSOMLVQEXQ JZC MMS GMRUFK NNF I WZZASUDBIK CVMS Y AP RF EZA CRIU GWWBGMP QI K DZECS X YMQEAUZDMLYS LEECH MII AQEXLVP RJGRF WXJFL LVLVQ GHHAQEEMP I UC HAVS QMIIUYHBP H TOHBGMKLAQAVTIUWZAUYMKRDYRUDNUS UGQNF ONWBP KK H E A S KPS P VVS QMS LIUXOLIOLEETJC VQ M YSS I AVMMSZFK CQAVS LARUDDDCS VVTI BGTDZIJZBIDC BP PUBA AQ QMMMS XORJUY I P PH JGQCVHAP YSUCHNCRUBOPUDDMRIIDBIFFFLAWGTFS PS AWFS RJGP P LEZOVRUFGWYVNNCØ NBLYHTOS VLX XETCVTIIDDNZOP YHNDI FFLI EXP OHMH DIJZDNZEMRIUWXKLI IIJY AWBP OP WXJCTDIK TOMQEYR X AVM VROTF TUDC IUX VLWXKQBKLEXP GNFOVLVLXOPUBJX WA EAHTEEBUZNYXJDC ARUGWZEBECSUGP RFUXUZC AP AR RKK YHMSZNZAHBJFLEASS GWZORDEBA EZENZORGNWGMLZNXJDNWF AQ F F QTE WGNXP XOPH IIFGQBLXIGPS GRKK M RGMLVLZBU JZFJ LOHHAVNDYXP J JZCSS BLWA LVQ VP BJFK TEETCQ JDMKRFSS K BLYMLVVMMT EASOHNBKP YMQ KLOTDIDBA ZDCSUDMQ MHAP AP K EXJJYMROTJFK TIIK TUBORDZIFJZCTJGRJDDBEC EYXP ZC EXLZNZZZENWBGBECTDA AUWUDA OCR YS ONDEC DECHH KK NCVT OBKOMMH TEZZA WYVTEA VVS S GPH T K UDCHBUCTGBOLI RUDBIGWAS P ONBP K ZBEBOOMH O J QNNBJDCHMS QBJCSSZFFFFJZBAU J XIGWYXP EXQAMFORJC EYWDAHBLXUX UBIDNWCWF GVP K MM RDA FOVP UCSS WZOPUGVVM XUWXP VQ LZDBOPH NFOQTIOPS JZNYVS XEC QNCRIIK LWYYWF IOLOMR J L GNWDA I EZIFLEYYRUBEMLYTFUY EYRUGPH AF JXEC I JJZDCTD YYXGAP MS ZCS QCWDEMRUCTCVS JYTGMLXEBETFSONVSZCSUBAHT QMHAR PH QBP CO CRUDBU LEA S PUDMLWXP WWFUWYYR RDYWDZZZOPH AQ LXUZFGPH LY EAUXUXOQNFS WZAHMS K OMP VLYSOTJCTCQ S ROYYUNFUYMP DZZORKQTUFFGVP K DENYUNCR RGHTIORJFGRDEMKPH UB AUYHTEXQ DIFU VR QM YTUGPS YS VQ UU WYXKRGTUCSOHII IQQIUC FSOSOTFUWWGIUUYHBKQBP QCWGNVMTEYXKP WAHNCWCXLWAUY GIGN KRDAUXIFK S K RDAHHAP GRGTCQEYYYVT LI RKQCWBLY KLEZECTGMQ DA L GTDEBIFJXUXENZZOL F AP EEC AWDEBUXECHBLVR JYTDA A H OMKLIOGNCXQAR K BUJXOLAQ CWDZETGTCVNNFOL JFGPUGQCXKPH CWGTCXP OS XEMQ BKPHAVTUCTFU GRDZA OTDAUZBA IIK Y AROSO NWGBENZEBOVP PS MTUBEBENXLZFK OHBKLOS JYSUFK EZZIFFJ 0C0 LEYRI LZBIK OMROSS QBLVP IUYMR LIGVQ DYWBJDNYXLWYR K PU LEYWBLWWDIDDMKK IOL LWAHTONXP GHBLZDMGAP WXLXOVVMH GBIFL JC GNYWCVS ZNXQ TEXJFJY DZOVP LI FS YTCWFOPS K I I NF Y EZAUMA TIU K HAQ TUGVLYTCR K IU PS WXQ GBA NBUGVQ BGNWBKRDIDMKP VLVVHAWCVNCWFSUBUZFK WWCWCVTONZIGVP IOVLXEMLWZIG HH DYYRIIGRFOLGHBP VVTUFLAP GNYR PUCHTOTESS LAWDZOLEXKLAVMH SZDNVT U QTEZEMKK NFSUDDBORKL LYMQ H FUZBIGRKRUFK UD DMP JYS XOP RUDMP AWBGHMH J RKRF S XIDDCTGHNDYVMS VQEEBIJYMP XENVH XUYS J JXOVLZNVS VP GWXQEYWGMQAWCQEAHNNDETDEM XLXIDMRONZA IUZDDNVNDIJXUZNWFUYHMMMTOMLZC IIGP K CVH MTIIGWWGHH IUXETJDDDNX0 KQCRI EEBAS RF JFJ XUYTDIGQC0 FUXIJ K P JZFFL FOGNBGHBJU RGBIJ P J WASOMG XIGRGBUZCHT LAWBKK EAS K AVH I DYRIUYSOSS PH S H LWWGNZIDCHH H S VVNDASUG RESOTCROHNDA NNCXJJXETF Y IOVVH DAS YSONYYXJGVLWZA AR YTF LXIK GOMS VP YTDYWGHBGHH BJC YMLX CXKK CXP LIIFK S X I XKPUFOP Y IIDMP ZNVNBP EZOQBLZBAHNF CWBUGQNCVNF AVHARONVTEYVH KP L KL JJX QTOTDYR VVNBKRGNYYVS DETGNVH GMP VRONX HH VR LARI YHBGBAUWYWC@ TI IQQCVMT K XUWZIDNYVTOTJU K YHT JZNWCR P VQ H LOSSZNVTOHH UCTJDBUYTGBETJGWZZIJXIJYHMHA WYWDIK S ZFJYMKPUC KONBKK RGBAHH ARUC XIK NCXLYTJDMR OBGNYROMLXOOCXP RKP 0TOSUC EA JCHTEZOLOSOS LAP P OCRUGRJGWX JU PSZDC RGMP UFJ J VP ARIOP PS RGHNBGMRI M WYVSZFGWA JGVVH UFLIJJ GQBJFJZFLIUZBUYSSZC ZBORGTFORFOGCQEXJCS K YML WF EENWGHM VP WZEMP LAP YMKK K GBUXOVQAVNBGBOVRI AGAQ JFLOMP UDNZZETDZAS WXLVROS QT JXENXKK ZFLAR WZIK KRJCHNNBL ZFGRKPS ZNZIK PSZBOP WYYYXLYSS RKK AQ NDENWDYXKK UBUWWBKP. UX ZCTF EEMKRUU GVRIORF T P XIK EETFOP K H NCQAQ S FOL GPUBIGQTEEMR VQEZIJ RDIJ WWF NDZENXQEA EYYWCXJFFGQMTUDNXJGQTONVNNNNCVH AWCXQ BP WA XU L KQTI K UGVQAQEZAHH MS J QNNDZZEC JX00M RKLONWDIGVR VLZDDC OSUFGRGMR XORFS K MH EYVMTOHM XIDBUWL...sequence repeats]

VP OBP JXIK UFGVO JC J GRJCTFS XUXIGVQEYXQ FSONZOGNDIK QTUDMP RDEC YSS J WXP K YS K LIIK UFK VOAR VR WWGHBP 1UZ FL KK VLXIFFK MSZBUXIK XOQNNNBKLIIGVLZCTGNYVH CVNBLZC OCXLXU PUFFFK AROHH LVP J RFS VRUDBAUXOPSZCHHAR XUZBENYWGT ENZASS QCQEECS PHAP BGMLWWFSOHH TIOVROMP GP LAVS WWGMR PS JZDBUXU K YMR WYXQEXP GVQ S JXU GQTI GROPS VQ K EAUYTC OTFOLAROMKPSZFJ WZIFGRJFLAVNCQEXQEENXP UBOL KPUDNWBLZNWBJJYSS ZDBIGPUCSUFFJ GWYYXP EZIGWXP IIK K T J GPS ONBJCHB GTCR VP OHNCVTEXKP PUDC S CWCRUFU RUUZNZZOVVTOMR RUC IIGOM X RDZOP OBUGRGMKK XENYR WAS XIFU K NDIGPH UGWVWFSSZDM KONNCROS Y FU JYMQ CVTOSOHMS YHNNF H KLAR LOHNF XECTJFJ PH OSOMP K AVNNBGTJDNZIFK IUWWCVH F AWDIJ LAQ KPH HARI D I AP AWGBIGVUNNDYR L JDNVMM VLWA RJEJZNVH NDYWFOVREAS VP VVH LXEC T LEAHBGNVS GRFUWZOLAP XIFLIORGMF GONBLVOAP I EASUCS WA UDMRI I AR OCOAP LEXLWXJGWWCO DZAHNBLXOOTEYWCWBKOT LOMOAP BLX XOLOSS JFK DYXJCHM WXKK TEYRONWCXP WYWD TI SZFFLONXLYMRI ØBKK EVR ØTIIFLAGEA IUV NCR JZDMRUGVR K H DZIK AWBP UDBOVVS Y EZZEMLVR RFUPH YTDENXLVLWYVM WZZO OCWF GMQ LWZOQT J X HAWBLVLYHH NBGNZZAUX ZFK BKPUBENWFQ0BGBIF H GTF AWCWGMKRDIF BK0CXJGPUFJXOP J PUC ZBUZBCQNCO R YMP X WWBLXENWCQAMBJC IOPH GNXLXETDA AR J VVMTUC AVT K TOSSZFLOTF I CQ H MH RJJXIDNZA H H BKK ZC EXLY IU LI ZC HMMS GWWGBUYHNFSOMKK SZC F IIFFGWXKRJDCS L FUYS RGNVNCXP NBKQNFUZFJX X S WAHH FORGHMS GVVS GOCRONYVMH BGHTOHNNCW EM0 S YMP OM0 NCWDIFK BGBAHBP LONVM RUFFUYSOMRIOLAWCR XIJZCSOSUDNYRUFFLEEBORFUYTFSUFLEX0 T ONCWGBASOS WWDZAUZFFG GBIDDMR YHMT QTUBAS JZBETGBA RKLAWFUZCS JXIGQBGMQ TONYXP RGNXQ CXLVVS LXORKRDETCWDYWCRI K ZFGQCWCWDA MS RJCS RKP H KQMS WYYVMMH UBU P WZOVLY CVS RFORKK UC I VQ FOP VRIUZNZECHNDZA EZOPS QI QCVTUGWWFOLIUWYVH ONVH EEMLZDNYWDAUWX LWZZEBAHMMTUFGQNDAHTUGRDIDDDBIJ XEBAUZC EXP AQ YSUGVP S QTIUXUWYXJJZFK H WZEC EENVNNFSS VR Y EXJGRDA YTJC NFUX EA ARTIFUYTOW YHBLYTDZEBIK DAU GWAHMH LZNYRI VLYMKL GBEMR K S VLVP ZDMP JU LIOP XDVP JCTCXQEZEBU GVLVRUBIFGPS A IDCTCRIOVP XUXUYHM RF QNDYYWGNYXKLEA IORKPUGPHAWDASS M XOLEYVS YSOHBUDDC EZENVS K MH FS QBLYSUDCSS LOTCXJJ XOQBP ZFLEZIK MTEXP YHTIJJ OM VVH TUCHMH M VO CO KK BP CROTGMROMRUBUWAHBKPS F MTOS K DYVS P K CR LEZZZA KK OSS XUZDNWD XLZDCHTIUZCTDECSONVNFS LI IIJXEBIDBEMKQCQ MS EEBEBIGRDYVTI VRI AWF EYVTUDDNYYWBF PHARUFLOS RDENVTIOLI NNBF RKQMT IK I TEAUWZETFUXEBUWXJDDNWGNWF JYHTUBIJX KOBJDBOOCR ONNFOVUNCVMMM XETGMKF K XEMKLOHT P P WYRIOGMTEZIDDBUZDC JGRK YROTDETF DAHNDEMLXUYMLYMP PUGWA AVNFORDYXLVQ NNDIDNVHAQ DEMQ JFFFGRF BLVVT PS ZBIJZFGVVTEETJJ VQAWGHNNNDAUYSUBOV LUNCXKLOMLYHMH AQ GNVTUBUYMQAVH S P PH MM YMRUDCTUCHH OTCVH PH EXKRFU LAVIOTCO BUGP XECSS WXKPS XIU VLZNZOVO KRK K J K JY EETDYVNBJJ J K IIDNXKQTOMKRGBORJDNXP ZDDBAHHAWGMP LVRIIJZNXKL KRDZZAHTI EYXLXOL GMLY AVS TUFK I GNZETJC UBETDIFGWZAS LEXUDBEBA EXQ LYTGTDAS QMT L LVVNF DIDC WYRUC CXJDMLZBECHTUDBIDMLXIJXORDIGWZIJYS P YS YHHAP UGRGNZU LIIDCSOTDZZIK ZNWGTDIJYTF IORDASONXQAVMS K S ONXJJX TOTGBUWZZZIGP VP LOSUBEC LYS WYWBGTFUZNXP P YTGNWCVMHAQAWDYY BP WZA BP WA DYYYYWDECTCWBGNXJFGQTUGP JYMLWASUFJZC RGTGHMTEENZIJ JYHNCXKQCVS LZCS YMKQTEA BUDMQEXKK GTJGQEKP RDZ VP EYYXKQNCVSZBIFK L LX OMLWYXLZBOVQ TEECTF UGPSZNYWBKLAP FUWXQ NF KP WWBJFGVLXUWA I OHTOMP EAHM Y I JUYTJUXUWWF GEVUNDZIGRGHH S L JGPH DEBOP LIU J P RKK DIGRJJ QBGHNCQ GTCWGHTEYYVHAVH JFJXEMP WWDETJFLI EYWF X FSS S YTC@ARIUX AVSZDBA GHNFOPUCTDZORF ARUBA OS PUGRKQBLWXLYHBJGWYR RKRKP X PUBQQTOHTEAHH K NBP OTF QMH H I XOVR P 🕴 OTJDCTFOVL ETCRUCHH CQEZORJGQMH JUYTJFFL LZFJZDDDMQ P RGTDYXQ RFSUCTGTGMP Y JDC MMHAVMTIQQBKRF IUWAU PH BLZFFK YTFQQMSZDDML JUZCHBP L. F. AP. ZBASSZBA VVMS K. AP. VP. H. UDDCHNBJFK. UCHBKK. MMMMH. CXO. H. AVTEZA. WAUXEMROHBLWZENXJC. AQAP. QCVNDEBEMP WXP K ONF EA LEEMQEZZOLONZENYYYR JXUY AQ MT JY LWXQAGARUDMKLEYXJFK PS RF I KRGHBGBU K ONZZIDMQ F ZWYYROSUGQMMTI SZNWDZIDBOLOTJGVROHMTONWFS J RCXR JGWAUZNVMH IOPUFL GHT K KLIUYHH EZASOTGHBKRJGVP VRUGQBP YMKRKRGMOEETGHH JCSUC P GMS NDA AP JZBOLEAU K CWFUXORGBEBUY IIK DA EEC AP LAQ HAP GMMS PS LEZU...sequence repeats]

AP AWGBIGVVNNDYR L JDNVMM VLWA RJEJZNVH NDYWFOVQEAS VP VVH LXEC T LEAHBGNVS GRFUWZOLAP XIFLIORGMP GQNBLVQAP I EA SUCS WA UDMRI I AR QCQAP LEXLWXJGWWCQ DZAHNBLXOQTEYWCWBKQT LOMGAO BLX XOLOSS JFK DYXJCHM WXKK TEYRONWCXP WYWDYRO TDETF DAHNDEMLXUYMLYMP PUGWA AVNFORDYXLVQ NNDIDNVHAQ DEMQ JFFFGRF BLVVT PS ZBIJZFGVVTEETJJ VQAMGHNNNDAUYSUBOVLWW IDMLXIJXORDIGWZIJYS P YS YHHAP UGRGNZOLIIDCSOTDZZIK ZNWGTDIJYTF IORDASONXQAVMS K S ONXJJX TOTOBUWZZZIGP VP LOSUB EC LYS WYWBGTFUZNXP P YTGNWCVMHAQAWDYYR YMP X WWBLXENWCQAWBJC IOFH GNXLXETDA AR J VVMTUC AVT K TOSSZFLOTF I CQ H MH RJUXIDNZA H H BKK ZC EXLY IU LI ZCHMMS GWWGBUYHNFSOMKK SZC F IIFFGWXKRJDCS L FUYS RGNVNCXP NBKQNFUZFJX X S W VS LZCS YMKQTEA BJDMQEXKK GTJGQBKP RDZEMQ S YMP OMQ NCWDIFK BGBAHBP LONVM RJFFJYSOMRIOLAWCR XIJZCSOSUDNYRUFFLEEB ORFUYTFSUFLEXQ T QNCWGBASOS WWDZAUZFFGP QMS NDA AP JZBULEAU K CWFUXORGBEBUY IIK DA EEC AP LAQ HAP QMMS PS LEZETC RUCHH CQEZORJGQMH JUYTJFFL LZFJZDDDMQ P RGTDYXQ RFSUCTGTGMP Y JDC MMHAVMTIQQBKRF IUWAU PH BLZFFK YTFOQMSZDDMLVP EYYXKQNCVSZBIFK L LX OMLWYXLZBOVQ TEECTF UGPSZNYWBKLAP FUWXQ NF KP WWBJFGVLXUWA I QHTOMP EAHM Y I IUYTJJXUWWF VP QBP JXIK UFGVQ JC J GRJCTFS XUXIGVQEYXQ FSONZOQNDIK QTUDMP RDEC YSS J WXP K YS K LIIK UFK VQAR VR WWGHBP IUZFL TCRIOVP XUXUYHM RF QNDYYWGNYXKLEA IORKPUGPHAWDASS M XOLEYVS YSOHBJDDC EZENVS K MH FS QBLYSUDCSS LOTCXJJ XOQBP AV SZDBA GHNFOPUCTDZORF ARUBA OS PUGRKQBLWXLYHBJGWYR RKRKP X PUBOQTOHTEAHH K NBP OTF QMH H I XOVR P K OTJDCTFOVLZFL R VP OHNCVTEXKP PUDC S CWCRUFJ RJJZNZZOVYTOMR RJC IIGGM X RDZOP OBJGRGMKK XENYR WAS XIFJ K NDIGPH UGWYWFSSZDMKON NCROS Y FU JYMQ CVTOSOHMS YHNNF H KLAR LOHNF XECTJFJ PH OSOMP K AVNNBGTJDNZIFK IUWWCVH F AWDIJ LAQ KPH HARI DIK I TEAUWZETFUXEBUWXJDDNWGNWF JYHTUBIJX KOBJDBOOCR QNNFOVVNCVMMM XETGMKF K XEMKLOHT P P WYRIOGMTEZIDDBUZDC JGRKLI AHH FORGHMS GUVS GOCRONYVMH BGHTOHNNCWBP WZA BP WA DYYYYWDECTCWBGNXJFGQTUGP JYMLMASUFJZC RGTGHMTEENZIJ JYHNCXKQC DDMR YHMT @TUBAS JZBETGBA RKLAWFUZCS JXIGQBGMQ TONYXP RGNXQ CXLVVS LXORKRDETCWDYWCRI K ZFGQCWCWDA MS RJCS RKPH K AMS WYYYMMH UBU P WZOVLY CVS RFORKK UC I VO FOP VRIUZNZECHNDZA EZOPS AT OCVTUGWWFOLIUWYVH ONVH EEMLZDNYWDAUWXLWZ ARIFJYTCVM YHBLYTDZEBIK DAU GWAHMH LZNYRI VLYMKL GBEMR K S VLVP ZDMP JJ LIOP XOVP JCTCXGEZEBU GVLVRUBIFGPS AQEY VNDZIGRGHH S L JGPH DEBOP LIU J P RKK DIGRJJ ØBGHNCQ GTCWGHTEYYVHAVH JFJXEMP WWDETJFLI EYWF X FSS S YTCQARIUXIDC EZIK MTEXP YHTIJJ QM VVH TUCHMH M VQ CQ KK BP CROTGMROMRUBUWAHBKPS F MTOS K DYVS P K CR LEZZZA KK OSS XUZDNWDENZ ASS QCQEECS PHAP BGMLWWFSOHH TIOVROMP OF LAVS WWGMR PS JZDBUXU K YMR WYXQEXP GVQ S JXU GQTI GBOPS VQ K EAUYTCXLZ DCHTIUZCTDECSONVNFS LI IIJXEBIDBEMKOCO MS EEBEBIGRDYVTI VRI AWF EYVTUDDNYYWBP PHARUFLOS RDENVTIOLI NNBP RKOMTOTF OLAROMKPSZFJ WZIFGRJFLAVNCQEXQEENXP UBOL KPUDNWBLZNWBJJYSS ZDBIGPUCSUFFJ GWYYXP EZIGWXP IIK K T J GPS QNBJCHBGTC CXKLOMLYHMH AQ GNVTUBUYMQAVH S P PH MM YMRUDCTJCHH OTCVH PH EXKRFU LAVTOTCO BJGP XECSS WXKPS XIJ VLZNZOVQ KRKK J K JY EETDYVNBJJ J K IIDNXKQTOMKRGBORJDNXP ZDDBAHHAWGMP LVRIIJZNXKL KRDZZAHTI EYXLXOL GMLY AVS TUFK I GNZETJCTJJ SZFFLONXLYMRI QBKK EYR QTIIFLAQEA IUY NCR JZDMRUGVR K H DZIK AWBF UDBOVVS Y EZZEMLVR RFOPH YTDENXLVLWYVM WZZOQCW F GMC LWZOQT J X HAWBLVLYHH NBGNZZAUX ZFK BKPUBENWFQQBGBIK H GTF AWCWGMKRDIK BKQCXJGPUFJXOP J PUC ZBUZBOQNCQ WXP ADZIDBOLOTJGVROHMTONWFS J QCXQ JGWAUZNVMH IOPUFL GHT K KLIUYHH EZASOTGHBKRJGVP VRUGOBP YMKRKRGMQEETGHH JCSUC UBE KK VLXIFFK MSZBUXIK XOQNNNBKLIIGVLZCTGNYVH CVNBLZC QCXLXU PUFFFK AROHH LVP J RFS VRUBBAUXOPSZCHHAR XUZBENYWGTGBI ZEBAHMMTUFGGNDAHTUGRDIDDDDBIJ XEBAUZC EXP AQ YSUGVP S QTIUXUWYXJJZFK H WZEC EENVNNFSS VR Y EXJGRDA YTJC NFUX EA ZCHBP L F AP ZBASSZBA VVMS K AP VP H UDDCHNBJFK UCHBKK MMMH CX0 H AVTEZA WAUXEMROHBLWZENXJC A0AP QCVNDEBEMP TI K GNF EA LEEMGEZZOLONZENYYYR JXUY AQ MT JY LWXQAQARUDMKLEYXJFK PS RF I KRGHBGBU K GNZZIDMQ F ZNYYROSUGQMMTI TDIFGWZAS LEXJDBEBA EXQ LYTGTDAS QMT L LVVNF DIDC WYRUC CXJDMLZBECHTUDBC...sequence rePeats]

Geed: 4

2 M 2UYS3S7 PE 7 & OWHANNIDCHE 8 7 VS AS4GF S3T 3H A TEJXET Y 20VSB AS6YS3NMTEGVOWNA O 6YT 0XIK G0 7 VU YT MHAH AH8 EC 6YMOX TIK TU L2IFK 7 X 2 J 0 EDCH 7 0 ECS7ZFFFFJZBAU J XIGWTU 1T OH OREC 1MH AH OXUX 4BIDNH H GVU K 6R A 0VU 4CS7 WNOP4GVS 6XUWTU V 0ZDBOP8 00920F7 JZNMS7 XEC 0 2IK 0WMMH 20L3M 5J L ANH A 2 1NIFL1MM 4BEMOYT UY 1M 4G PS 0U 4KEC 2 EJZDCT MMT 0U 7 ZCS50 H EM 4CT S7 JYTAM0XEBET S3NS7ZCS4BAH950 80 5P8 50 U 4DBU L1A 7 F4DM0WTU 6WH U WPM 6R MH NNNOP80 0XUZFGP8 0Y 1AUXUX00 S6WNAH 7 5K 3MU VOYS3TECT 7 R MMS UYMU NNOR1094FFGVU K ENMS 6RAH920REFGR EMIP8 4BAUYH91T IFJ V 50 6YTEGP7 YS6V EJ WMTIRATECS3H92 20094C S3S3T UWHATEJYH IQ U Q HANS 91MTIP6WAH H TOWAUV A TANTIP4FGP6V 21DMU ZNS U 1N00 0ZBAH H EG0 S 0580 3NS91MS8 IP5L IL EJX 093T M 6VS IRANMMS7 ETANS6 AMU V 3NTIR AUX 509334C 1A ECH91NOL3S3S5LOU P50 4GREGWTEJ P7ZDC RAMU 4FJ J VU O 20P5P7 RAH AM 2 6WMS72FGWA EGVS8 4FL21J 60 EFJZF L2UZBUYS72C 2BORAT OR 00 1TECS5K YMO2FGRIP7 ZNNIK 5P72BOP6WMMMTOYS7 RIK 0 ENH MTIK 4BUWH IP5JX 2CT 1EMIREJ GV 20 R 95P6XIK IET OP5K 8 0 7 OLINAUWA 92U K 80 946V0YT 5K 2U P7 WT ABA EGV ANH IR IDMIP6VOVS80H S H S4BUZFK WH H 593 NNIGVU 20VOXEMOWNIGQ NNEC 5JXOQ 6RIL3NH IGV 6VOZDDC 354FGRAM 6XOR 55K 8 1MS 93H 6XIDBUWAUWH A Q 6YS5Q EC ECH8 IK IFK 7 K R AHSOU GRAT 1MMMS95L2 6RIQ H OY ILINECTAM A 5L AT EBIFJXUXENNNOL OU IEC OH EBUXECH OV 5JYT A OHANTU XOP 8 21FGQ OXIGP7 GRIK 6RAMDV02BU JZFJ L3H3OS MTU J JZCS7 OWA OV 6FFK 91ET EDMIR S7 K OYMOVS 91AS3H IP6YM IL3T ABOQ EJZBUWM 3H94FJYHS AH 6Y 8 U P5L3TANNAU L3MIQ ATAT QYH U ZFFJXIFGV 4CS3MQV IT 5JZC 7 AM 4FK 2 WNNAS4DBIK S 7 6Y OU R INA 2U GWH AMU Q95K NECS6X YM IAUZDMOYS5LIECH 92 0 ITOVU REGR WTEFL OVOV AH80 IEMU 2 4C 8057 0 92UYH U 8 93H AMILO 0592UWNAUYMIR M 4DNS7 4G0 3NH U IK 8 1A 7 IP7 P6VS7 0 7 L2UXOL2OLIETEC V 6YS7 2 0S 7ZFK 0S7 L0 4DDDC S6VS92 AT NIJZBIDC U P4BA 0 50 7 XOREJY 2 8 3MIL200 T 0 5K EJXOLO H NETAT S [...sequence repeats] C ANMH S7 ZNT 91TEFJY NOVU L2 S6YT H 0P7 K 2 2 YH8 6V 5L0 2 YH ABAUWMH 92 200 S 95F XUWNIDNMS93TEJ K 6YH95JZNH 5 P6V 8 5L3S7ZNS93H8 4CTEDBUYTABETEGWNNIJXIJYH 80H 1ENHAH 6VU WNEMU LOU YMIK K ABUXOV 0S ABOV 2 0 0 EFL3MU 4DNNNET NAS6WTOV 3S5095JXENTIK ZFL0 6WNIK IRECH 0WMH IK 7 ZFJYMIP4C 10 IK 6RABAH8 0 4C XIK TOYTEDM 50 ANM 3M0X00 TU RIP DDCTAH MS 7 V 1EBIJYMU XENSS 6XUYSSJ JXDVDZNS7 VU GWT 1MHAM OH 1AH ET EMU PS EGQ SSOU YS4CH 4BOP4DDM 21DBIFFFLOH AT S5P7 OH S6REGP5P5L1NGV 4FGWMS 0YH93S6V0X XET S92IDDNNOP6YH IFFL2 1TU 3H 8 IJZDNNEM 2UWTIL2 21JY OH U GP6WTECT IK 93M IM 6X OS 6V 3T 94DC ZUX VOWTIQ ILITU Q OVOVOXOP4BUX 6MA 1AH91EBUZNMTEDC 0 4GWNEBECS4GP6R UXUZC OU 0 6R1K YH 7ZNNAH EFLIAS7 GWNOR EBA INENNORANHAMOZNTEDNH 0 5091TOXIDM 3NNA ZUZDDNS IJXUZNH UYH 93MOZC 21GP5K 58 921GWHA H8 2UXETEDDDNT 1Q 2 1EBAS6R EFJ XUYT 1GQ UXIJ K 5P5JZFFL 0Q AH EJ RABIJ P5J WAS3M 6XIGRABUZCH95LOH IK 1AS5K 0S8 IDBA ZDCS4DM 80U OU K ITEJYM 3TEFK 92IK 94BOR NIFJZCTEGREDDBEC 1MTU ZC 1TUZNNNNNENH ABECT AH 946095P8 1TIQ 8 U 3 94DNTEGQ93NS S8 OH T U WA XU L 1092 K 46V 0 1NAH8 7 J LIMH OWH IDDMIK 20L OWAH93NTU AH 02DM OU WTOXOVS 8 ABIFL E S950 IQ 8 91NNA WMS91A VS7 7 GPS 95K 4DCH ECTABOLZ REDBIGWAS5P50 U K ZBEBOQ 8 3H8 MM 21GR OL3H U VS94FLOU 3NM 5 P4CH93T S7 LOH NOLITILOS 8 72DNS95J 091NEMIK S4DDBORIL OYM 8 UZBIGRIREFK EDDMU JYS6XOP6REDMU OH AH 8 5J RIR 7 XI FATEFGWH MSS & EDBAS4BIK Y IL S4GWT02CH UWAS7 YTAH94CS5L3NMH U K R UZDBENS 72CT TEC &R IFL3H 8 IR OV &XEBOLOS8 I RIQ NOQ 6WH 3M AMIQ 6WAU GP4DBET TIRILIENMT 95P4FK ZDNTOX 8 6WT 7ZBEM 0 3T H OVS7ZNTOWH U X P6XU JX 4FFK 5K 6WMH OL EFGP4GQ TIPS HAT TU 336XEM IP80S94CT U GR NA 3T AUZBA ZIK Y O 353NHABENNEBOVU P7 94BEBENT0ZFK 3H IL355JYS4FK INNIFFJ Q 5LIM 2 0ZBIK 3M 357 Q OVU 2UYM 5L2OV MH EDNMTOWM 5K P4GP4BIGQ91EM 6V INIJ R IJ WH NENT 1A 1MMH TEFFGG

7 ETANS& AMU V 3NTIR AUXIFK 7 K R AHBOU GRAT 1MMMS95L2 &RIQ H OY ILINECTAM A 5L AT EBIFUXUXENNNOL OU 1EC OH EBUX ECH OV 5JYT A OHANTU XOP8 21FGQ OXIGP7 GRIK 6RAMOVOZBU JZFJ L3H80S MTU J JZCS7 0MA OV 6VU EFFK 91ET EDMIR 37 K O AM 4FK 2 WNNAS4DBIK S 7 6Y OU R 1NA 2U GWH AMU Q95K NECS6X YM 1AUZDMOYS5LIECH 92 0 170VU REGR WTEFL 0V0V AHSO 1 EMU 2 4C 80S7 0 92UYH U 8 93H AMILO 0S92UWNAUYMIR M 4DNS7 460 3NH U IK 8 1A 7 IP7 P6VS7 0 7 L2UX0L20L1ETEC V 6YS 7 2 0S 7ZFK 0S7 L0 4DDDCS6VS92 AT NIJZPIDC U P4BA 0 50 7 X0REUY 2 8 3MIL200 T 0 5K EUX0L0 H NETAT S 0L EFGP4G0 T NS93H8 4CTEDBUYTABETEGWNNIJXIJYH 80H IENHAH &VU WNEMU LQU YMIK K ABUXOV 08 ABOV 2 0 0 EFL3MU 4DNNNET NAS6WTOV 38 5095JXENTIK ZFLO 6WNIK IRECH OWMH IK 7 ZFJYMIP4C IQ IK 6RABAH8 0 4C XIK TOYTEDM 50 ANM 3MOXOQ TU RIP5Q9354C IA E 93MOZC ZIGPSK SE 92IGWHAHB ZUXETEDDDNT IQ 2 IEBASGR EFJ XUYT IGQ UXIJ K SP5JZFFL QQ AH EJ RABIJ P5J WAS3M 6XIGRA BUZCH95LOH IK 1AS5K OSE 2 M ZUYS3S7 PE 7 8 OWHANNIDCHB B 7 VS AS4GR S3T 3H A TEJXET Y 20VSE AS6YS3NMMTEGVOWNA O 6VT OXIK GQ 7 VU YT MHAH AHB EC 6YMOX TIK TU L2IFK 7 X 2 J Q EDCH 7 Q ECS7ZFFFFJZBAU J XIGWMTU IT OH OREC 1MH AH OXUX 4BIDNH H GVU K &R A GVU 4CS7 WNOP4GVS &XUWTU V OZDBOP8 00920P7 JZNMS7 XEC © 21K 0WMMH 20L3M 5J L ANH A 2 1 NIFLIMM 4BEMOVT UV IM 4GP8 OU JXEC 2 EJZDCT MMT OU 7 2CS50 H EM 4CT S7 JVTAMOXEBET S3NS7ZCS4BAH950 80 5P8 50 U 4 GVU K ENMS &RAH920REFGR EMIP8 4BAUYH91T IFJ V 50 &YTEGP7 YS6V EJ WMTIRATECS3H92 20094C S3S3T UWHATEJYH IQ U Q HA NS 91MTIP6WAH H TOWAUY ATANTIP4FGP6Y 21DMU ZNS U 1NOQ 0ZBAH H EGQ S 0580 3NS91MS8 IP5L IL EJX 093T M 6VS IRANMNS S& OH T U WA XU L 1092 K 4GV 0 1NAHS 7 J LIMH OWH IDDMIK 20L OWAH93NTU AH 0ZDM OU WTOXOVS 8 ABIFL EC ANMH 57 ZN T 91TEFJY NOVU L2 S6YT H OP7 K 2 2 YH8 6V 5LO 2 YH ABAUWMH 92 200 S 95K XUWNIDNMS93TEJ K 6YH95JZNH 5P6V 8 5L3S7Z ZBORAT OR OQ ITECS5K YMOZFGRIP7 ZNNIK 5P7ZBOP6WMMMTOYS7 RIK O ENH MTIK 4BUWH IP5UX ZCT IEMIREJ GV 20R 95P6XIK IE T OP5K 8 0 7 OLINAUWA 92U K 80 94GVOYT 5K 2U P7 WT ABA EGV ANH IR IDMIPEVOVSBOH S H S4BUZFK WH H S93NNIGVU 20VOX Emownigg nnec 5JXOG Grilsnh Igv Evozddc 384FGRAM EXOR 55K 8 1MS 93H EXIDBUWAL...sequence repeats] YMOVS 91AS3H IP6YM IL3T IDBA ZDCS4DM 80U OU K ITEJYM 3TEFK 92IK 94BOR NIFJZCTEGREDDBEC 1MTU ZC 1T0ZNNNNNENH ABEC T AH 946095P8 ITIQ 8 U 3TATEFGWH MS8 8 EDBAS4BIK Y IL S46WT0ZCH UWAS7 YTAH94CS5L3NMH U K R UZDBENS 72CT TEC 6R I IM 2 OZBIK 3M 3S7 @ OVU ZUYM 5L2OV MH EDNMTOWM 5K P4GP4BIG091EM 6V INIJ R IJ WH NENT 1A 1MMH TEFFG0 94DNTEG093NS UWH A Q 6YS5Q EC ECH8 IK 895Q IQ 8 91NNA WMS91A VS7 7 GP8 95K 4DCH ECTABOLZ REDBIGWASSP5Q U K ZBEBOQ 8 3H8 MM 21 Gr olah u vs94Flou 3NM 5P4CH93T S7 Loh Nölitilos 8 72DNS95J Q9INEMIK S4DDBORIL OYM 8 UZBIGRIREFK EDDMU JYS6XOP6R EDMU OH AH 8 5J RIR 7 XIDDCTAH MS 7 V 1EBIJYMU XENS8 6XUYS5J JXOVOZNS7 VU GWT 1MHAM OH 1AH ET EMU PS EGG S80U YS ACH 4BOP4DDM 2IDBIFFFLOHAT S5P7 OH S6REGP5P5LINOV 4FGWMS OYH93S6VOX XET S92IDDNNOP6YH IFFL2 1TU 3H & IJZDNNEM 2U WTIL2 21JY OH U GP6WTECT IK 93M 1M 6X OS 6V 3T 94DC 2UX VOWTIQ ILITU @ OVOVOXOP4BUX 6WA 1AH91EBUZNMTEDC 0 4GWNEB DBU LIA 7 PADMOWTU 6WH UWMM 6R MH NNNOPEO DXUZFGPE OY IAUXUXOO S6WNAH 7 5K 3MU VOYS3TECT 7 R MMS UYMU NNORI094FF U X P6XU JX 4FFK 5K 6WMHABOQ EJZBUWM 3H94FJYH8 AH 6Y 8 U P5L3TANNAU L3MIQ ATAT 0YH U ZFFJXIFGV 4CS3MOV 1T 5JZC 7 IPS HAT TU 356XEM IP80594CT U GR NA 3T AUZBA ZIK Y O 353NHABENNEBOVU P7 94BEBENTOZFK 3H IL355UYS4FK INNIFFU 0.5L ECS4GP&R UXUZC OU 0 &RIK YH 72NNAH EFLIAS7 GWNOR EBA INENNORANHAMOZNTEDNH 0 5091TOXIDM 3NNA 2UZDDNS IJXUZNH UYH FL3H & IR OV &XEBOLOS8 IRIQ NOQ &WH 3M AMIQ &WAU GP4DBET TIRILIENMT 95P4FK ZDNTOX 8 &WT 72BEM 0 3T H OVS7ZNTOWH CH91NOL3S3SSLOU P50 46REGWTEJ P7ZDC RAMU 4FJ J VU 0 20P5P7 RAH AM 2 6WMS7ZFGWA EGVS8 4FL21J 60 EFJZFL2UZBUYS7ZC **DM** 2 2

NOREGO & EJYTEFFL DZFJZDDDM SP6RAT MT &R S4CTATAMU Y EDC 80S 9200 IR 2UMAU PS DZFFK YT 00 7ZDDMOVU 1MMTIQ S7ZBIF K L OX 3MOWMTDZBOV 91ECT 4GP7ZNMH ILOU UWT IP6WH EFGVOXUWA 2 3H93MU 1AH 6Y 2 ZUYTEJXUMH VU 0 U JXIK 4FGV EC J GR ECT S6XUXIGV 1MT S3NNOQ IK Q94DMU R EC YS7 J WTU K YS5K 5L2IK 4FK 6V 0 6V 6WHAH U ZUZFL IK VOXIFFK 7ZBUXIK 6X00 IL2IGVOZCTANMS8 S 02C 50 TOXU P4FFFK 0 3H8 0VU J R S6V 4DBAUXOP7ZCH80 6XUZBENMHATABIDDM 6YH 95094BASSJZBETABA RI LOH UZCSSJXIGQ AM 93NMTU RANT TOVS7 0XORIR ET H MH 2 5K ZFGQ H H A 7 RECS6RIP8 10 7 WMMS 8 4BU P64NNOVY 57 R ORI K 4C 2 V OP6V ZUZNNECH NA INOP7 5095Q S94GWH OLZUWMS8 3NSS 1EM0ZDNMH AUWTOWNNEBAH 94FGO AH94GR IDDDDBLJ XEBAUZC 1TU 0 6YS4GVU 7 092UXUMTEJZFK 8 6WNEC IENS 57 V 6Y ITEGR A YTEC UX 1A 0 2IFJYT S 6YH OYT NEBIK AU GWAH 8 0ZNM 2 93SSK MS7 P5K 5LINNNA IK 3S7 XUZDNH ENNAS7 Q IECSSP8OU AMQWH S3HE 92OV 3MU GPSLOS7 WHAM 5P7 JZDBUXU K YM 6WMT IT U GV 7 JXU GQ92 ABOP7 V 5K IAUYT TOZDCH92UZCT ECS3NS S5L2 ZIJXEBIDBEMIQ 7 IEBEBIGR MS92 V 2 OH IMS94DDNMMH U P80 4FL3S6R ENS92OL2 U RIQ 93T OLO 3MIP7ZFJ WNIFGREFLOS IT IENTU 4BOL IP4DNH UZNH EJVS7 ZDBIGP4CS4FFJ GWMTU INIGWT 0 AH AT HAH91MMS8058 EFJXEMU WH ETEFL2 1MH 6X 57 7 YT 0 2UXIDCT 20VU XUXUYH 6R 0 MMHANMTILIA 20RIP46P80H AS7 6X OLIMS7 YS3H EDDC 1NENS7 K 8 550 0YS4DCS7 L3T TEJ X00 U 0S7ZDBA AH 0P4CT NOR 0 4BA 3S5P46R10 0WT0YH EGWM 6RIRIP6X 5P4B0093H91AH8 5K U 3T 0 8 8 2 X0V 5P5K 3TEDCT 0V0ZFLINIK 91TU YH92IJ 0 6VS8 94CH 8 6V IK U 3TAM 3M 4BUWAH IP7 Q IK IM 5092IFLO 1A 2UY 5JZDM 46V 5K 8 NIK. OH U 4DBOVS7 Y INNEMOV 6R DP8 6YT ENTOVOMMS 6WNNOQ H AM OWNOQ95J X 8 OH OVOYH8 ANNNAUX 2FK IP4BENH OQ ABIK 8 AT OH HAMIR IK IQ TEGP4FJXOP5J P4C ZBUZBOQ 6WTU K 5Q 1A LIEM INNOL3NNENM VS 94C 0S95K 93S7ZFL3T 2 8 6REUXIDNNA 8 8 IK ZC 1TOY 2U L2 ZCH 7 GWHABUYH SAMIK 7ZC ZIFFGWTIREDCSSL UYS6RANS T U IQ UZFUX X 7 WAH8 ORAH 7 GVS7 GQ 3NMS 8 AH93H H U WNA U WA MMMH ECT H ANTEFGQ94GP5UYMOWAS4FUZC RATAH 91ENNIJ JYH TIQ S7 0ZCS6YMIQ91A EDM 1TIK ATEGQ IP6R NEM 7 YMU 3M H IFK ABAH U L3NS 6REFFUYS3M 20LOH 6XIUZCS3S4DNM 4FFLIE U ZIK K 95J GP7 Q ECH AT 6VU 3H S91TIPSP4DC 7 H 4FJ REJZNNNOVS93M 6REC 21GQ 6X R NOP5Q EGRAMIK 6XENM 6WAS6XIFJ K 1GP8 4GWMH S7ZDMIQ 3S6Y U JYM S93S3H 7 YH 8 ILO 5L3H XECTEFJ P8 3S3MU K OS ATEDNNIFK 2UWH S8 OH IJ LO 1P8 80 2 OHABIGVS M 5L EDNS 6VOWA REFUZNS8 MH OV 1AS6VU VS8 DXEC 95LIAH ANS7 GR UWNOLOU XIFLZORAMU GO OV OU 2 1AS4CS6WA 4 MU P4GMA OS OR MTOV IDNSBO EM EFFFGR OVS95P7 ZBIJZFGVS9IETEJ V OHAH AUYS4BOVOWH TIL3MOVH 8 0 ANS94BUYM OS8 7 P5P 8 6YM 4DCTECH8 3T S8 5P8 1TIR U LOS93T EGP6XECS7 WTIP7 XIJ VOZNNOV IRIK 5J K JY 1ET MS EJ J K 2IDNTI093MIRABORED NTU ZDDBAHBOHAMU DV ZIJZNTIL IR NNAH92 1MTOXOL AMOY 057 94FK 2 ANNETECTEJZCH U L OU ZBAS7ZBA 6VS 7 K OU VU 8 4DD CH EFK 4CH IK 8 T 8 0S91NA MAUXEM 3H OWNENTEC 0 OU 0 8 EBEMU 92 7ZFFL3NTOYM 2 [...sequence repeats] MM 5UXUY 0 95UY 0WT 0 0 4DMILIMTEFK P7 R 2 IRAH ABU K 3NNNIDM ZNMM 35460 92 7ZNH NIDBOLGTEGV 3H 93NH 55J 0 T EGW 6VOYMIL ABEM 5K 7 VOVU ZDMU EJ LZOP6XOVU ECT T INEBU GVOV 4BIFGP7 0 IMS NIGRAHR 7 L EGPR EBOP5L2U J P6RIK. IGREJ DM 2 2 0 50 OU LITOWTEGWH NAH DX0091MH H 1095L3M 0 DX XOL3S7 EFK MTECH 6WTIK 91M 3NH TU WMH M 3T ET AH EMDXUYMDY BOR UVT SAFLIT 950 HABAS3S6WH NAUZFFGP50 7 A OU UZBOLIAU K. H UXORABEBUY 21K A 1EC OU 5LO 80U 0 7 P7 LINET 4CH8 1 AUZNS 8 20P4FL AH95K IL2UYHS INAS3TAH IREGVU V 460 U YMIRIRAM IETAH8 ECS4C 4BET IFGWNASSLITEDBEBA IT OYTAT AS50 95L OVS IDC WM 4C TEDMOZBECH94DBIDMOXIJXOR IGWNIJYSSP6YS6YH80U 4GRANNOL2IDCS3T NNIK ZNHAT IJYT 20R AS3NT 0S 7 K IK 2 91AUWNET UXEBUWTEDDNHANH SJYH94BIJX 10 EDBOQ 50 DVS S 6XETAMIP5K XEMIL3H95P5P6WM 200 91NIDDBUZDC EGRIL2 OU 7 3NTEUX 93TABUWNNNIGPEVU L3S4BEC OYSEMMH AT UZNTU PEYTANH S 80 OH MM EYMU X WH OXENH OH EC 20PS ANTOXET A O 5J

E94BUYM=0E8 7 P5P8 6YMA4DCT.CH8 3T E8 5P8 107R U L0E93T = ,GP6XECS7 W07P7 XIJ V/ZN 0V= ?R?K 5J K JY 1ET UE ,J J K 2IDN07093M?R.BOR.DNO- ZDDBAH801.M- /VA2IJZN07L ?R AH92 1U0/XOL .M/Y 0E7 94FK 2 .N ET.CT.JZCH - L 0- ZBAS7ZBA 6 VE 7 K 0- V- 8 4DDCH .FK 4CH ?K 8 0= 8 0E91 A WAUXEMA3H /W ENO.C 0=0- 0 E EBEM- 92 7ZFFL3N0/YMA2 0 ?K 1UA5092IFL IGP6V- L3S4BEC /YS6WUI .T UZNO- P6YT.NI E 80=01 UUA6VM- X WI /XENI =01 ,C 20P8 .NU/XET A 0A5J VE 94C 0E95K 93372 FL3T 2 = 8 8 6R.JXIDN A 8 8 7K ZC 10/Y 2U L2 ZCH 7 GWI.BUYH S3M7K 7ZC ZIFFGW07R.DCS5L UYS6R.NE 0- 70 UZFJX X 7 W AH8 OR.H 7 GVE7 GQ A3NUE 8 .H93H I - W A - WA UUUUI ECT I .NO.FGQ94GP5JYM/WAS4FJZC R.T.H 91EN IJ JYH 07Q E7 /ZCS 6YM7Q91A .DM=107K .T.GQ ?P6R EM= 7 YM- 3M= I IFK .BAH - L3NE 6R.FFJYS3MA2OLOI A6XIJZCS3S4DNUA4FFL1EBOR UYT S4FL1 6XUXIGV=1UD= S3N DQ IK Q94DM- R EC YS7 J WO- K YS5K 5L2IK 4FK 6V=0A6VA6WI.H - 2UZFL ?K V/XIFFK 7ZBUXIK 6X00 ?L2I GV/ZCT.NUES E /ZC 50 0/XU P4FFFK 0A3H8 /V- J R S6VA4DBAUX0P7ZCH80A6XUZBENUI.T.BIDDMA6YH 95094BAS5JZBET.BA R?LOI UZCS5JXIGQ .M= 93NUO- R.NO= 0/VE7 /XOR?R ET I UI A2 5K ZFGQ I I A 7 R.CS6R?P8 ?Q 7 WUUE 8 4BU P6W 0V/Y E7 R OR?K V/YM?L .BEMA5K 7 V/V- ZDM- .J L20P6XOV- .CT 0=1 EBU GV/VA4BIFGP7 0=1UE IGR.H8 7 L .GP8 EBGP5L2U J P6R?K IGR.J Q .H = .T I.H91UUE80E8 .FJXEM- WI ET.FL2 1UI 6X S7 7 YT =0A2UXIDCT A20V- XUXUYH 6R 0 UUI.NU0?L1A 20R?P4GP80I AS7 6 XOL1UE7 YS3H .DDC 1 ENE7 K 8 S50 /YS4DCS7 L3T 0.J X00 - 0E7ZDBA .H 0P4CT 0R 0A4BA 3S5P4GR?@ /W0/YH .GWUA6K?R?P6X 5P4BDQ93H91AH8 SK - 3T 0 8 8 2 X0VA5P5K 3T.DCT 0V/ZFL1 IK 910- YH92IJ 0 6VE8 94CH 8 6VE = ?K - A3T.MA3MA4BUWAH 1 IGWO- 21K K 95J GP7 Q ,CH .T A6V- 3H E910?P5P4DC 7 I A4FJ R.JZN QVE93MA6R.C 21GQ 6X R QP5Q ,GR.M?K &XENUA6WAS6 XIFJ K IGP8 4GWUI S7ZDM?Q A386Y U JYM= E9383H 7 YH 8 ?LOA5L3H XECT,FJ P8 383M- K OE .T.DN IFK 2UWI E8 0I IJ LO= ?P8 80A2 IK 2 91AUW ET UXEBUWO.DDNI.NI 5JYH94BIJX ?Q ,DB0Q A5G QVE E &XET.M?P5K XEM?L3H95P5P6WUA20Q 91 IDDBUZDC .GR?L2 0- 0I.BIGVE UA5L .DNE &V/WA R.FJZNE8 UI OV=1A86V- VE8 /XEC 95LIAH .NE7 GR UW OLO- XIFL20R.M- GQ /V=O- 2 1 A84CS6WA 4DMA2 2 0A5Q =0- L10/W0.GWI = AH /X0091UI I ?Q95L3M=0= /X X0L3S7 .FK U0.CH 6W0?K 91UA3NI 0- WUI UA3T ET 0=1A 2UY A5JZDMA4GVA5K 8 IK 01 - 4DBOVE7 Y 1 EM/VA6R 0P8 6YT EN0/V/WUE 6W 00 I .M= /W 0095J X 80I /V/YH8 .N AUX ZFK ?P4BENI 00 .BIK 8 .T 0I I.M?R IK ?0 0.GP4FJX0P5J P4C ZBUZB00 = 6W0- K 50 1A LIEM=1 0L3N ENUUUA5JXUY 0= 95JY /W0=0=0A4DM?L1U0,FK P7 R 2 ?R.H .BU K 3N IDM= ZNUUA3S4G0 92 7ZNI IDB0L3T,GVA3H 93NI S5J 0 0= ,GWAUZNE 8 20P4FL . JYT.FFL /ZFJZDDDM= SP&R.T UO= &R S4CT.T.M- Y .DC 80E 9200 ?R 2UMAU PS /ZFFK YT 00 7ZDDM/V- 1UU0?0 E7ZBIFK L /X 3 M/WU0/ZBOV= 91ECT 4GP7ZNUI ?LO- UW0= ?P&WI .FGV/XUMA 2 3H93M- 1AH &Y 2 2UYT.JXUWI V- 0 - JXIK 4FGV= .C J GR.CT S - O= 6YS4GV- 7 092UXUWU0. JZFK 8 6W EC IENE S7 VA6Y 10.GR A YT.C UX IA 0AZIFJYT E 6YH /YT EBIK AU GWAH 8 /ZNUA2 6 H95K ?L2UVHE 1 AS3T.H ?R.GV- VA46Q - YM?R?R.M=1ET.H8 .CS4C 4BET IFGW AS5LIO.DBEBA 10= /YT.T AS5Q 95L /VE IDC WUA 4C 0.DM/ZBECH94DBIDM/XIJXOR IGW IJYSSP6YS6YH80- 4GR.N OL2IDCS3T IK ZNI.T IJYT 20R AS3NO=0E 7 K 7 3NO.JX 93T.BUW 0= 950 I.BAS3S6WI AUZFFGP50 7 A 0- JZBOLIAU K I UXOR.BEBUY 21K A 1EC 0- 5LO= 80- 0 7 P7 L1 ET A4CH8 =1 OR,60 8 . 4C 2 V= 0F6VA2UZN ECH A 1 0P7 50950 E94GWI OL2UWUE8 3NE8 1EM/ZDNUI AUWO/W EBAH 94FGQ AH94GR IDDDDBIJ XEBAUZC 10 AH EM/XUYM/YM- P4GWA OE OR UO/V= IDNE80= EM= ,FFFGR /VE95P7 ZBIJZFGVE91ET,J V=01.H AUYS4BOV/WI 07L3M/YH 8 0= .N 9355K UET P5K A5LI A ?K 3S7 XUZDNI EN AS7 Q =1ECS5P80- .M/WI S3H8 920VA3M- GP5LOE7 WI.MA5P7 JZDBUXU K YMA6WUO=1 0- GV= 7 JXU GQ92 .BOP7 V= 5K 1AUYT 0/ZDCH92UZCT ECS3NE S5L2 ZIJXEBIDBEM?Q = 7 1EBEBIGR UE92 VA2 01 1UE94DDNUUI - PB0A4FL3S&R ENE920L2 - R20 93T OLOA3M2P7ZFJ W IFGR,FLOE =10=1ENO- 4B0L 2P4DNI /ZNI ,JYS7 ZDB1GP4CS4FFJ GWUUO-PP7 [...sequence repeats]

S357 P8 7 8 /WI.N IDCH8 8 7 VE AS4GR S37 A3H A 0.JXET Y 20VE8 AS6YS3NUU0.GV/W A 046VT /XIK G0 7 V- YT UI.H. H8 . C 6YM/X 07K 0- L2IFK 7 X 2 J 0 .DCH 7 0 .CS7ZFFFJZBAU J X1GWU0- 10=01 0F.C 1UI AH /XUX 4BIDNI 1 GV- K 6R A 0V-4CS7 W 0P40VE 6XUW0- V= /ZDB0P8 00920P7 JZNUE7 XEC 0 A21K /WUUI 20L3MASJ L .NI A 2 1 IFL1UUA4BEM/YT UY 1U440F8 0 - JXEC 2 .JZDCT UU0=0- 7 ZCS50 I EMA4CT E7 JYT.M/XEBET S3NE7ZCS4BAH950 3045F8 50 - = A4DBU L1A 7 P4DM/W0- 6WI UW UU46K UI 0P30= /XUZFGP8 /Y 1AUXUX00 S6W AH 7 5K 3M- V/YS3T.CT = 7 R UUE UYM- 0R7094FFGV- K ENUE A6R.H920R.FGR EM 7P8 4BAUYH910= IFJ VAS0 6YT.GP7 YS6V= .J WU07R.T.CS3H92 20094C S3S3T UWI.T.JYH 70 - 0 I.NE 91U07P6WAH I 0/WAUY . T.N07P4FGP6Y 2IDM- ZNE - I 00 /ZBAH I .G0 E 0E80A3NE91UE8 7P5L ?L .JX 093T UA6VE 7R.NUUE7 ET.NE8 .M- VASN07R AUX IFK 7 K R AH80- GR.T =1UUUE95L2 6R70 I /Y ?LI ECT.M= A 5L .T EBIFJXUXEN 0L 0- IEC 0I EBUXECH /VA5JYT A 0I.NO- X0 P8 2IFG0 /XIGP7 GR7K 6R.M/V/ZBU JZFJ L3H80E U0- J JZCS7 /WA /V= 6V- .FFK 9IET = .DM7R S7 K /YM/VE 91A3H ?P6YM= 7L3T IDBA ZDCS4DM= 80- 0- K 10.JYMA3T.FK 92IK 94B0R IFJZCT.GR.DDBEC 1U0- ZC 10/ZN ENI .BECT AH 94G05F8 1070 8 -3T.T.FGWI UE8 8 .DBA54B1K Y 7L S4GW0/ZCH UMAS7 YT.H94CS5L3NUI U K R UZDBENE 7ZCT 0.C 6R IFL3H 8 ?R 0V46KEB0L0E8 ?R?0 06 6WI A3M= .M?0 6WAU GP4DBET 0787LIENU0= 95F4FK ZDN0/X 8 A6W0= 7ZBEM=0A3T I = /VE7ZN0/WI - X P6XU JX 4FF 5K 6WUI.BOQ .JZBUWUA3H94FJYH8 .H 6Y 8 U P5L3T.N AU L3M?Q .T.T /YH - ZFFJXIFGVA4CS3M/V=1Q= 5JZC 7 .MA4FK 2 W AS4 DBIK E 7 6Y 0- R 1 A A2U GWI .M- Q95K ECS6X YM=1AUZDM/YS5L1ECH 92 0=10/V- R.GR WO.FL /V/V= .H80=1EM- 2 4C 80E7 0 92UYH - 8 93H .M?LO=0E92UW AUYM?R UA4DNE7 4GQ 3NI - ?K 8 1A 7 ?P7 P6VE7 Q 7 L2UXOL20L1ET.C V= 6YS7 2 0E 7ZFK =0 E7 L0A4DDDCS6VE92 .T IJZBIDC - P4BA 0= 50 7 XOR.JY 2 8 3M?L20Q 0=0A5K .JXOLO= I ET.T E OL .FGP4GQ 0?P8 1.T 0- 3S 6XEM= ?P80E94CT U GR A 3T AUZBA 2IK Y 0A3S3NI.BEN EBOV- P7 94BEBENO/ZFK 3H ?L3S5JYS4FK 1 IFFJ Q = 5L1UA2 /ZBIK 3 4CT.DBUYT.BET.GW IJXIJYH 80I IENI.H 6V~ W EM- LO- YM?K K .BUX0V=0E .B0VA2 0=0= .FL3M- 4DN ET AS6W0/VA3S5095JXENO PK ZFLOA6W IK PR.CH /WUI IK 7 ZFJYMPP4C PQ PK 6R.BAH8 0A4C XIK 0/YT.DMA5Q .NUA3M/X00 D- RPF5093S4C 1A .CH91 0L35 355LO- P50 A4GR.GWO.J P7ZDC R.M- 4FJ J V- 0A20P5P7 R.H .MA2 6WUE7ZFGWA .GVE8 4FL21J 00 .FJZFL2UZBUYS7ZC ZBGR.T Ú R 00 =10.CS5K YM/ZFGR?P7 ZN IK 5P7ZBOP6WUUU0/YS7 R?K 0= ENI U0?K 4BUWI ?P5JX ZCT 1EM?R.J GVA2OR 95P6XIK 1ET 0P5K S =0= 7 OLI AUMA 92U K SO= 94GV/YT A5K 2U P7 WO= .8A .6V= .NI ?R IDM?P6V/VEBOI E I S4BUZFK WI I E93N IGV- 20V/X EM/W IGQ EC 5JXOQ 6R?L3NI IGVA6V/ZDDC 354FGR.MA6XOR 55K S IUE 93H 6XIDBUMAUWI A 0 A6Y550 EC ECH8 ?K E950 ?P 8 91 A WUE91A VE7 7 GP8 95K 4PCH .CT.BOL2 R.DBIGWAS5P5Q - K ZBEBOO 8 3H8 UUA2IGR OL3H - VE94FLO- 3NUA5P4CH93T 37 L0I OLIO?LOE & 72DNE95J 091 EM?K S4DDBOR?L /YM= S UZBIGR?R.FK .DDM- JYS6XOP6R.DM- OI .H & 5J R?R 7 XIDDCT.H UE 7 V= .EBIJYM- XENES 6XUYSSJ JXOV/ZNE7 V- GWO=IUI.M=OI =1AH ET EM- P8 .G0 E80- YS4CH A4BOP4DDMA2IDBIFFFLOI.T S5P7 0I S 6R, GPSPSLI OVA4FGWUE = /YH93S6V/X XET E92IDDN OP6YH IFFL2 10- 3H 8 IJZDN EMA2UWO?L2 2IJY 0I - GP6WO,CT IK 93M=1U A6X OE 6VA3T 94DC ZUX V/W020 2L10- 0 0V/V/X0P4BUX 6WA 1AH91EBUZNUD, DC 0A46W EBECS46P6R UXUZC 0- 0A6R2K YH 72N AH ,FLIAS7 GW OR EBA I EN OR.NI.M/ZNO.DNI 0= 50910/XIDMA3N A 2UZDDNE IJXUZNI UYH 93M/ZC 216P5K E8 921GWI.H8 2UXET, DDDNO= 20 A2 IEBAS6R .FJ XUYT IG0 = UXIJ K 5P5JZFFL 00 .H .J R.BIJ P5J WAS3M= 6X1GR.BUZCH95L0I ?K 1AS5K 0E8 2 UA MA3S7 0 /V- 2UYMASL20V= UI , DNUO/WUASK P4GP4BIG091EMA6V=1 IJ R IJ WI END=1A 1UUF 0.FFG0 94DNO.G093NE E8 01 0= -WA XU L 2092 K 46V=0=1 AH8 7 J L1UI /WI IDDM?K 20L /WAH93NO- .H /ZDM=0- W0/XOVE 8 .BIFL ,C .NUI E7 ZNO= 910.FJY OV- L2 86VT I 0P7 K 2 2 YH8 6VA5L0A2 YH .BAUWUI = 92 200 E 95K XUW IDNUE93T.J K 6YH95JZNI A5F6V= 8 5L387ZNE93H8 ZUYC...sequence repeats]

T OR OQ =10.CS5K YM/ZFGR?P7 ZN IK 5P7ZBOP6WUUU0/YS7 R?K O= ENI U07K 4BUWI ?P5JX ZCT IEM?R.J GVA2OR 95P6XIK IET O P5K 8 =0= 7 OLI AUMA 92U K 80= 94GV/YT A5K 2U P7 WO= .BA, GV= .NI ?R IDM?P6V/VE8OI E I S4BUZFK WI I E93N IGV- 20 V/XEM/W IG0 EC 5JXOQ 6R?L3NI IGVA6V/ZDDC 354FGR.M66XOR 85K 8 IUE 93H 6XIDBUWAUWI A Q A6YS5G EC ECH8 ?K E95G ?Q 8 91 A WUE91A VE7 7 GP8 95K 4DCH .CT.BOL2 R.DBIGWAS5P5G - K 2BEBOG 8 3H8 UUA2IGR OL3H - VE94FLO- 3NUA5P4CH93T S7 L01 OL107LOE 8 72DNE95J 091 EM?K S4DDBOR?L /YM= 8 UZBIGR?R.FK ,DDM- JYS6XOP6R.DM- 0I .H 8 5J R?R 7 XIDDCT.H UE 7 AH FLIAS7 GW OR EBA I EN GR.NI.M/ZNO.DNI O= 50910/XIDMA3N A ZUZDDNE IJXUZNI UYH 93M/ZC ZIGP5K E8 92IGWI.H8 ZUX ET.DDDNO= 70 AZ IEBAS6R .FJ XUYT IG0 = UXIJ K 5P5JZFFL 00 .H .J R.BIJ P5J WAS3M= 6XIGR.BUZCH95LOI ?K 1A55K 0E8 2 UAZUYS387 P8 7 8 /WI.N IDCH8 & 7 VE AS4GR S31 A3H A Q.JXET Y ZOVES AS6YS3NUUQ.GV/W A QA6YT /XIK GQ 7 V- YT UI.H .H8 .C 6YM/X 07K 0- L2IFK 7 X 2 J Q .DCH 7 Q .CS7ZFFFFJZBAU J XIGWUO- 10=01 OR.C 1UI AH /XUX 4BIDNI I GV- K 6R A OV- 4CS7 W OP4GVE &XUWO- V= /ZDBOP8 00920P7 JZNUE7 XEC 0 AZIK /WUUI ZOL3MASJ L .NI A 2 I IFLIUUA4BEM/YT UY IUA 46P8 0- JXEC 2 .JZDCT UU0=0- 7 ZCS50 I EMA4CT E7 JYT.M/XEBET S3NE7ZCS4BAH950 80A5P8 50 - = A4DBU L1A 7 P4DM/WO-6WI UWUUA6R UI OP80= /XUZFGP8 /Y IAUXUX00 86W AH 7 5K 3M- V/YS3T.CT = 7 R UUE UYM- OR?094FFGV- K ENUE A6R.H92OR, FGR EM7P8 4BAUVH910= IFJ VASQ 6VT.GP7 YS6V= ,J WUO7R.T.CS3H92 20094C S3S3T UWI.T.JYH ?Q - Q I.NE 91U07P6WAH I 0/ WAUY .T.N07P4FGP6Y 2IDM- ZNE - 1 00 /ZBAH I .GQ E 0E80A3NE91UE8 ?P5L ?L .JX 093T UA6VE ?R.NUUE7 ET.NE8 .M- VA3NO ?R AUXIFK 7 K R AH80- GR.T =1UUUE95L2 6R?Q I /Y ?LI ECT.M= A 5L .T EBIFJXUXEN OL 0- 1EC 0I EBUXECH /VA5JYT A 0I. H8 4CT.DBUYT.BET.GW IJXIJYH 301 IENI.H 6V- W EM- LO- YM?K K .BUXOV=OE .BOVAZ 0=0= .FL3M- 4DN ET AS6W0/VA3S5Q95JX ENO?K ZFLOA6W IK ?R.CH /WUI IK 7 ZFJYM?P4C ?Q ?K 6R.BAH8 0A4C XIK 0/YT.DMA5Q .NUA3M/XOQ 0- R?P5Q93S4C 1A .CH91 0 ZBIK 3MA3S7 @ /V- ZUYMA5L20V= UI .DNU0/WUA5K P46P4BIG09IEM46V=1 IJ R IJ WI EN0=1A 1UUI 0.FFG0 94DN0.G093NE E8 01 0= - WA XU L ?092 K 46V=0=1 AHS 7 J L1UI /WI IDDM?K 20L /WAH93N0- .H /ZDM=0- W0/XOVE 8 .BIFL ,C .NUI E7 ZNO= 91 0.FJY 0V- L2 S6VT I 0P7 K 2 2 YH8 6VA5L0A2 YH .BAUWUI = 92 200 E 95K XUW IDNUE93T.J K 6YH95JZNI A5P6V= 8 5L3S7ZN I SGR. GPSP5L1 OVA4FGWUE = /YH9356V/X XET E92IDDN OP6YH IFFL2 10- 3H & IJZDN EMA2UWO?L2 21JY 0I - GP6WO,CT IK 93M =1UA6X OE 6VA3T 94DC 2UX V/W070 2L10- 0 0V/V/X0P4BUX 6MA 1AH91EBUZNU0, DC 0A46W ERECS46P6R UXUZC 0- 0A6R7K YH 72N P6YM= ?L3T IDBA ZDCS4DM= 80- 0- K 10, JYMA3T, FK 92IK 94BOR IFJZCT, GR, DDBEC 1U0- ZC 10/ZN ENI . BECT AH 94G095P8 10 20 8 - 3T.T.FGWI UES 8 .DBAS4BIK Y ?L S4GW0/ZCH UMAS7 YT.H94CSSL3NUI U K R UZDBENE 7ZCT 0.C &R IFL3H 8 ?R OVA6XE BOLOE3 ?R?0 00 6WI A3M= .M?0 6WAU GP4DBET 0?R?LJENUO= 95P4FK ZDNO/X 8 A6WO= 72BEM=0A3T I = /VE7ZNO/WI - X F6XU J X 4FFK 5K 6WUI.BOQ .JZBUWUA3H94FJYH8 .H 6Y 8 U F5L3T.N AU L3M?0 .T.T /YH - ZFFJXIFGVA4CS3M/V=10= 5JZC 7 .MA4FK 2 80E7 0 92UYH - 8 93H .M?L0=0E92UW AUYM?R UA4DNE7 460 3NI - ?K 8 1A 7 ?P7 P6VE7 0 7 L2UX0L20L1ET.C V= 6YS7 2 0E 7 ZFK =0E7 L0A4DDDCS6VE92 .T IJZBIDC - P4BA 0= 50 7 XOR,JY 2 8 3M?L200 0=0A5K ,JX0L0= I ET.T E OL ,FGP460 0?P8 1.T L3S3SSLO- P50 A4GR.GWO.J P7ZDC R.M- 4FJ J V- 0A20P5P7 R.H .MA2 6WUE7ZFGWA .GVE8 4FL2IJ 60 .FJZFL2UZBUYS72C ZBGR. V=1EBIJYM- XENES &XUYSSJ JXOV/ZNE7 V- GWO=1UI.M=0I =1AH ET EM- P8 ,GQ E80- YS4CH A4BOP4DDMA21DBIFFFLOI.T S5P7 0 NO- XOPS ZIFGQ /XIGP7 GR7K &R.M/V/ZBU JZFJ L3H80E UO- J JZCS7 /WA /V= &V- ,FFK 91ET = ,DM7R S7 K /YM/VE 91AS3H ? 0- 356XEM= ?PBOE94CT U GR A 3T AUZBA 21K Y 0A3S3NI.BEN EBOV- P7 94BEBEN0/2FK 3H ?L3S\$JYS4FK 1 IFFJ Q = 5L1UA2 / W AS4DBIK E 7 6Y 0- R 1 A A2U GWI .M- Q95K ECS6X YM=IAUZDM/YS5LIECH 92 0=10/V- R,GR W0,FL /V/V= .H80=1EM- 2 4C E93[...sequence repeats]

Ceed: O

ZN(",DC 0:46W:EBECS46P6R UXUZC 0- 0:6R?K YH 7ZN!AH ,FLIAS7 GW!OR EBA 1!EN!OR.N'.M/ZN",DN' 0= 5091"/XIDM:3N!A ZUZ DDN: IJXUZN' UYH 93M/ZC ZIGP5K ;8 92IGW'.H8 ZUXET,DDDN"= ?0 :2 IEBAS6R ,FJ XUYT IGQ = UXIJ K 5P5JZFFL 00 .H ,J R .BIJ P5J WAS3M= 6XIGR.BUZCH95L0' ?K IAS5K 0:8 2 (:2UYS357 P8 7 8 /W'.N!IDCH8 8 7 V; AS4GR S3T :3H A ",JXET Y 20V :8 AS6VS3N((",GV/W!A 0:6VT /XIK G0 7 V- YT ('.H .H8 ,C 6YM/X "?K "- L2IFK 7 X 2 J Q ,DCH 7 Q ,CS7ZFFFFJZBAU J XI GW("- 1"=0' OR,C 1(' AH /XUX 4BIDN' / GV- K &R A 0V- 4C57 W!OP4GV! &XUW"- V= /ZDBOP8 0G920P7 JZN(:7 XEC Q :2IK / W((' 20L3M:5J L .N' A 2 1!IFL1((:4BEM/YT UY 1(:4GP8 0- JXEC 2 ,JZDCT (("=0- 7 ZC5SQ * EM:4CT ;7 JYT.M/XEBET 53N; 7ZC54BAH95Q 80:5P8 5Q - = :4DBU LIA 7 P4DM/W"- 6W' UM((:6R (' !!'0P80= /XUZFGP8 /Y IAUXUOQ S6W!AH 7 5K 3M- V/Y5 ////EN/ .BECT AH 94G095P8 1"?Q 8 - 3T.T.FGW^ (18 8 .DBAS4BIK Y ?L S4GW"/ZCH UWAS7 YT.H94CS5L3N(^ U K R UZDBEN; 7 ZCT ".C &R IFL3H 8 ?R OV:&XEBOLO18 ?R?Q 100 &W^ :3M= .M?Q &WAU GF4DBET "?R?LIEN("= 95P4FK ZDN"/X 8 &&W"= 7ZBEM=0 :3T ^ = /V;7ZN"/W - X P&XU JX 4FFK 5K &W(^.BOQ .JZBUW(:3H94FJYH8 .H &Y 8 U P5L3T.N!AU L3M?Q .T.T /YH - ZFFJXIFG V:4CS3M/V=1"= 5JZC 7 .M:4FK 2 W'!AS4DBIK ; 7 &Y 0- R 1!A :2U &W .M- Q95K !ECS6X YM=1AUZDM/YS5LIECH 92 0=1"/V- R .GR W".FL /V/VE .H80=1EM- 2 4C 80:7 0 92UYH - 8 93H .M?LO=0:92UW!AUYM?R (:4DN;7 4G0 3N' - 7K 8 1A 7 7P7 F6V;7 0 7 L2UX0L20L1ET.C VE 6YS7 2 0: 72FK =0:7 L0:4DDDC86V:92 .T !1JZBIDC - P4BA 0= 50 7 XOR.JY 2 8 3M?L200 "=0:5K ,JX0 L0= ' 'ET.T : 0L .FGP460 "?P8 '.T "- 3S6XEM= ?P80:94CT U GR !A 3T AUZBA 21K Y 0:3S3N'.BEN'EBOV- P7 94BEBEN"/2FK FGWA , GV; 8 4FL21J GQ , FJZFLZUZBUYS7ZC ZBOR.T OR OQ =1".CS5K YM/ZFGR?P7 ZN'IK 5P7ZBOP6W((("/YS7 R?K O= EN' ("?K 4 BUW' ?P5JX ZCT 1EM?R.J GV:ZOR 95P6XIK 1ET OP5K 8 =0= 7 OL1!AUWA 92U K 80= 94GV/YT :5K ZU P7 W"= .BA ,GV= .N' ?R IDM?P6V/V:80' ; ' \$4BUZFK W' ' :93N!IGV- ZOV/XEM/W!IGQ '!EC 5JXOQ 6R?L3N' IGV:6V/ZDDC 354FGR.M:6XOR 55F 8 1(: 93 H 6XIDBUMAUW' A Q :6YSSQ EC ECH8 ?K :95Q 20 8 91!!A W(:91A V:7 7 GP8 95K 4DCH .CT.BOLZ R.DBIGWASSP5Q - K ZBEBOQ (:8 PP5L PL .JX 093T (:6V; PR.N((:7 ET.N;8 .M~ V:3N"PR AUXIFK 7 K R AH80- GR.T =1(((:95L2 6RP0 / /Y PL1:ECT.M= A 5L .T EBIFJXUXEN!!OL 0- 1EC 0' EBUXECH /V:5JYT A 0'.N"~ XOP8 21FG0 /X1GP7 GRPK 6R.M/V/ZBU JZFJ L3H80; ("- J JZC S7 /WA /V= 6V- ,FFK 91ET = ,DMPR S7 K /YM/V: 91AS3H PP6YM= ?L3T 1DBA ZDCS4DM= 80- 0- K 1",JYM:3T,FK 921K 94B0R ! N"=1A 1((/ ",FFGQ 94DN",GQ93N; ;8 0/ "= - WA XU L ?Q92 K 46V=0=1!AH8 7 J L1(/ /W/ IDEM?K 20L /WAH93N"- .H /ZDM=0 - W"/XOV; 8 .BIFL ,C .N(/ ;7 ZN"= 91",FJV !OV- L2 S6YT / OP7 K 2 2 YH8 6V:5L0:2 YH .BAUW(/ = 92 200 ; 95K XUW!ID N(:93T.J K 6YH95JZN' :5P6V= 8 5L3S7ZN:93H8 4CT.DBUYT.BET.GW!!!JXIJYH 80' IEN'.H 6V- W!EM- LO- YM?K K .BUXOV=0: . BOV:2 0=0 .FL3M- 4DN!!ET !A36W"/V:3S5095JXEN"?K ZFL0:6W!IK ?R.CH /W(' IK 7 ZFJYM?P4C ?0 ?K 6R.BAH8 0:4C XIK "/Y T.DM:50 .N(:3M/X00 "- R?P5093S4C IA .CH91!OL3S3S5L0- P50 :4GR.GW",J P7ZDC R.M- 4FJ J V- 0:20P5P7 R.H .M:2 6W(:7Z 8 3H8 ((:21GR OL3H - V;94FLO- 3N(:5P4CH93T S7 Lo' !OL1"?LO; 8 72DN;95J 091!EM?K S4DDBOR?L /YM= 8 UZBIGR?R,FK ,DD M- JYS6XOP6R,DM- 0' .H 8 5J R?R 7 XIDDCT.H (; 7 V=1EBIJYM- XEN;8 6XUYSSJ JXOV/ZN;7 V- GW"=1('.M=0' =1AH ET EM- P 3H ?L3S5JYS4FK 1!!!FFJ 0 = 5L1(:2 /2BIK 3M:3S7 0 /V- 2UYM:5L20V= (, , DN("/W(:5K P4GP4B16091EM:6V=1'IJ R IJ W' E 3H 8 IJZDN!EM: 2UW"?L2 ZIJY 0' - GP6W", CT IK 93M=1(:6X 0; 6V:3T 94DC 2UX V/W"?0 ?L1"- @ 0V/V/X0P4BUX 6MA 1AH91EBU 31.CT = 7 R ((; UYM- !!OR?094FFGV- K EN(; :6R.H92OR,FGR.EM?P8 4BAUYH91"= IFJ V:50 6YT.GP7 YS6V= ,J W("?R.T.CS3H9 2 20094C S3S3T UW'.T.JYH 20 - 0 '.N: 91("?P6MAH / "/WAUY .T.N"?P4FGP6Y 21DM- ZN: - 1:00 /ZBAH / .G0 : 0:80:3N:91 8 .60 :80- YS4CH :480P4DDM:21DBIFFFLO'.T S5P7 0' S6R,GPSP5L1:0V:4FGW(; = /YH93S6V/X XET ;921DDN:0P6YH IFFL2 1"-IFJZCT.GR.DDBEC 1("- ZC 1"/ZNC...sequence remeats]

IN CASE OF DIFFICULTY

This part of the Manual will help you locate and correct any difficulty which might occur in your μ Matic Memory Keyer. This information is divided into three sections. The first section, "General", contains suggestions in the following areas:

- A. Visual checks and inspection.
- B. Precautions to observe when bench testing.
- C. How to determine the area of the µMatic Memory Keyer in which the difficulty is located ("How To Troubleshoot Your Keyer").
- D. Locating and correcting both the cause and the effect of a difficulty ("Repairing the Keyer").

The second section consists of a "Troubleshooting Chart". This chart calls out specific problems that may occur and lists one or more conditions or components that could cause each difficulty. The resistor R numbers, capacitor C numbers, transistor Q numbers and diode D numbers are identified in this chart by the same number that are used on the Schematic Diagram. X-Ray Views are also provided to help you locate the component and test points.

GENERAL

PRECAUTIONS FOR BENCH TESTING

- 1. Be cautious when testing solid-state circuits. Although transistors and integrated circuits have almost unlimited life when used properly, they are much more vulnerable to damage from excessive voltage or current than other circuit components.
- 2. Be sure you do not short any terminals to ground when making voltage measurements. If the Probe slips, for example, and shorts out a bias or voltage supply, this could cause damage to one or more transistors or diodes.
- 3. Do not remove transistors or integrated circuits while the µMatic Memory Keyer is turned on, since this could damage the keyer.

HOW TO TROUBLESHOOT YOUR KEYER

If you know which area your trouble is in, apply the "Visual Checks" to that area.

You may also go directly to the Troubleshooting Charts to see if the difficulty you are having is listed in one of the "Problem" columns. If your difficulty is listed there, check the "Possible Causes" listed for this problem and apply the "Visual Check" listed to the area of difficulty.

REPAIRING THE KEYER

When you make repairs to your keyer, make sure you eliminate the cause as well as the effect of the difficulty. If, for example, you find a damaged resistor, be sure you find out what it was (wiring, error etc.) that caused the resistor to become damaged. If the cause is not eliminated, the replacement resistor may also become damaged when you put the keyer back into operation.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

This Troubleshooting Chart lists specific difficulties that could occur in your µMatic Memory Keyer. Several possible causes may be listed for each difficulty. Refer to the X-RAY View (page 30) of the circuit board and the Schematic Diagram to locate and identify the part listed in this chart.

If the particular part is mentioned (U1 for example) as a possible cause, check that part and other components connected to that part to see that they are installed and/or wired correctly. Also check for solder bridges and poor connections in the surrounding area. It is also possible for a part to be faulty and require replacement.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES
Keyer inoperative	1. Socket S4 unplugged from U4
Steady sidetone; all LEDs lit	1. U1
Steady sidetone; no LEDs lit	 U2 and/or U3 Low voltage
Auto shutoff occurs too soon	 Capacitor C9 backwards or defective IC U6
No sidetone	 ICs U8, U9 Transistor Q13 Speaker miswired or open
Negative keylines will not key	 Transistor Q16 No –3 volts: diode D2 and D3; capacitors C2 and C3; transistors Q17 and Q18
Random dots and dashes sent while transmitting	 Paddle sensitivity set too high RF at the station location*

* If stray RF is a problem at your station location, it may cause random dots and dashs while you are transmitting. To prevent this from happening, make sure that all of your equipment is grounded to common point. In extreme cases, it may be necessary to rest your hand on a metal plate positioned under the keyer. This plate should also be grounded at the same common point as the keyer.

SPECIFICATIONS

Speed Range	1 to 99 WPM.
Spacing	Less than or equal to Speed.
Number of Buffers	1 to 10. May be used to store text or commands strings.
Buffer Size	240 characters and/or commands.
Weighting	Normal plus five "light" and five "heavy" settings.
Auto Message Repeat	0 to 9 (Sent one to ten times).
Keyer Output	Solid state: +250 volts @ 100 mA; -200 volts @ 40 mA.
Power Source	External plugable transformer or 11 to 16 volt DC, 200 mA source.
Memory Backup	3 miniature cells have a lifetime of 1 year (typical). (There is no bat- tery drain unless the keyer is removed from the external power source.)
Paddles	Built-in (removable) capacitive "touch" type, with provision for exter- nal mechanical paddles.
Sidetone Pitch	Approximately 300 – 1500 Hz; adjustable.
Microprocessor	Custom 3870
Speed Algorithm	Words per minute (WPM) = $2.4 \times \text{dots per second.}$
LED Mode Indicators	Normal, Pause, Load, Send, Practice.
Practice Characters	A – Z, 0 – 9, Punct.: . , ? / — — — : ; ' " (! Random length code groups of selectable types.
Operating Temp. Range	32 – 104 °F (0 – 40 °C)
Dimensions (less paddles)	4-1/8" (W) × 6" (D) × 1-5/8" (H); (10.5 × 15.2 × 4.1 cm)
Weight	1 lb. 14 oz. (.86 kg)

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CONTROLLER

The SA-2010A Memory Keyer is controlled mainly by U1 which is a custom 3870 single-chip microprocessor. This microprocessor services the keypad and paddles, determines basic keyer timing, keys the sidetone and output circuitry, stores and retrieves data from the external RAM and updates the status LEDs.

The 3579.545 kHz crystal (Y1) determines the frequency of the clock and its output is divided internally to provide a 500 µs basic timing interval. This time interval forms the dots, dashes, interelement, intercharacter and interword spaces, which all depend on the speed, spacing and weight for which the Memory Keyer is set from the keypad.

Capacitor C1 and an internal pull-up resistor provide a power-on reset to the microprocessor. Diode D1 allows capacitor C1 to discharge quickly when the Memory Keyer is turned off.

Port 0 is an address bus for the external RAM, which consists of ICs U2 and U3. This RAM is a message buffer memory and also stores the last-set keyer parameters.

Port 4 is the data bus for the external RAM and for the LED latch IC U7. This port has a strobe pin that clocks data into either RAM or the latch, whichever is enabled, when data is output to this port.

Port 5 is a multipurpose output that selects either the RAM or the LED latch for a "write" operation or, enables RAM for a "read" operation (bits 6 and 7). It gates the sidetone to the speaker (bit 4) and determines whether the keyer output will be keyed output will be keyed with the sidetone (bit 5). It also lowers the sidetone pitch when necessary (bit 3) and scans the three keypad columns (bit 0, 1 and 2).

Port 1 inputs the key pattern from the selected column. Internal pull-ups cause all inputs to be held high until a key is pressed. When you press a key in the selected column, the low level on the column line is passed through the switch contacts to the associated bit in port 1. The key is recognized by U1 and the appropriate action taken. The dot/dash paddles are effectively part of the key-pad matrix, but are handled differently by the microprocessor.

The **TUNE** key is not part of the keypad matrix. It is connected to the external interrupt pin on U1. This key is active only when the keyer is in "Normal" or "Paused" modes, and only when the keyer has completed the last character sent. The keyer is then latched in the Tune mode until you press some other key (or touch a paddle). At this time, the Tune mode is unlatched and that key performs its normal function.

SIDETONE OSCILLATOR / TOUCH PADDLE CIRCUITRY

OR gate IC U9D, inverter U8B and their associated components form an astable oscillator. This oscillator runs continuously while the keyer is turned on the oscillator frequency is manually adjusted with Pitch control R39. The output of this oscillator is gated through IC U9C by the microprocessor to transistor Q13 which drives speaker SP201.

The output of the oscillator, which is buffered by transistors Q17 and Q18, also drives the "D" input and clock input of flip-flop IC U11A and B. With paddle controls R12 and R13 properly set, the D input will go high just in time for the rising edge of the clock to SET the flip-flops. When you touch a paddle, your body capacitance is added to delay the D input enough that is still low when the clock goes high, resetting the associated flip-flop. This turns the transistors Q2 and Q3 on and acts as a closed switch in the matrix. When you use external paddles, transistors Q4 or Q5 are turned off by a paddle closure, also resetting the associated flip-flop, producing the same results.

The oscillator also drives a "charge-pump". This circuit consists of capacitor C2 and C3 and diodes D2 and D3. These components provide a negative potential to the negative (–) keyer output circuitry.

OUTPUT CIRCUITRY

OR Gate IC U9B allows the microprocessor to determine whether the output on port 5, bit 4, will key the output circuitry and sidetone, or just the sidetone. If U9B is enabled, its output will go low on each dot and dash, turning off transistor Q12. This allows transistor Q14 to turn on through resistors R31 and R32, to key a positive keyline to ground. At the same time, the base of transistor Q15 goes to near zero volts, turning it off and allowing transistor Q16 to key a negative keyline to ground. Protective diodes across the two keyer output jacks prevent damage to to the output transistors if the wrong jack is selected for a particular transmitter. The transmitter would then be keyed continuously.

POWER SWITCHING CIRCUIT

The power switching circuitry allows the keyer to be turned on and off with a momentary switch. It also forces the keyer to be off whenever you plug it in and provides automatic turn-off after a period of nonuse. Transistor Q8 is a series pass transistor between the diode bridge and the major part of the circuitry. Note, that IC U6 is connected to the output of the bridge at all times. (It draws virtually no current itself.) U6B and U6D form an R-S flip-flop which drives ICs U6A and C in parallel to turn transistor Q8 on or off. When the keyer is plugged in, capacitor C9 will have discharged through diode D13, which holds the output of IC U6D high. Both inputs of U6B will therefore be high, making the output of IC U6B low and the output of U6A and C high. This keeps transistor Q8, and thus the keyer, turned off.

When you press the **ON** button, one input of IC U6B goes low and causes its output to go high. The output of IC U6A and C goes low. This turns transistor Q8 on and supplies power to the keyer. At the same time, transistor Q9 is turned on and charges capacitor C9. Both inputs of IC U6D are high and its low output holds the R-S flip-flop in the "on" state when the **ON** button is released. When you leave the keyer on for a period of time, but do not use it, capacitor C9 discharges far enough to take the input of IC U6D to a low state. The R-S flop-flop now toggles to turn the keyer off. Transistor Q11 is connected to effectively "push" the **ON** button whenever the sidetone sounds and resets the automatic shutoff interval.

MEMORY BACKUP CIRCUIT

ICs U2 and U3 are "256 \times 4" CMOS RAMs connected as a 256 \times 8 RAM. They have very low power consumption in the standby mode. This allows them to retain data with a supply voltage as low as 2 volts. This standby mode is selected by bringing chip-enable pin CE2 on ICs U2 and U3 low. To insure that data is not lost when the keyer is shut off or loses power, transistors Q6 and Q7 and their associated components sense drop in the supply voltage below the minimum required for ICs U4 and U5 to remain in regulation and pull CE2 low.

As the collector voltage of transistor Q8 falls, capacitor C7 discharges quickly through diode D7. When this voltage reaches approximately 8 volts, transistor Q6 and Q7 turn off, allowing CE2 to go low through resistor R21. As the output of IC U5 falls below the battery voltage, diode D4 becomes forward biased and diode D5 reverse biased. (Diode D6 makes up for the voltage drop across diode D5 when the keyer is on.) The RAM is now in the standby mode. The backup batter-

ies are only switched in when the keyer is disconnected from its source of power; thus, you can extend the battery life by leaving the keyer plugged into an AC outlet when it is not in use.

STATUS LEDs

Whenever the status of the keyer is changed, the data in an internal status register is atache into IC U7 and causes the appropriate LED(s) to light. One of the status bits go low when a digit key is pressed. This bit turns off transistor Q101 when the keyer is in the Normal mode and dims the NORM LED as a reminder that the keyer is expecting a function key to be pressed.

CIRCUIT BOARD X-RAY VIEWS



LED CIRCUIT BOARD



MAIN CIRCUIT BOARD

DIODES

MAY BE REPLACED WITH	CIRCUIT COMP. NO.	IDENTIFICATION
1N4149	D1, D5, D6, D7, D13	IMPORTANT THE BANDED END OF DIODES CAN BE MARKED IN A NUMBER OF WAYS.
GD510	D2, D3, D4	
DRS110, 1N5399	D201, D202	C IN St AT IN ST A
1N4002	D8, D9, D11, D12	BANDED END (CATHODE)
TIL209	D101D105	ANODE

TRANSISTORS

MAY BE REPLACED WITH	CIRCUIT COMP. NO.	IDENTIFICATION
2N4121	Q6, Q15	
MPSA42	Q14	
MPSA20	Q1Q5, Q7, Q11, Q12, Q101	E B
MPSA05	Q17	C E C
MPSA55	Q8, Q9, Q13, Q18	0
MPSA93	Q16	

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

MAY BE REPLACED WITH	CIRCUIT COMP. NO.	IDENTIFICATION
7805	U4	IN OR OUT
78L05	U5	OUT GND IN

MAY BE REPLACED WITH	CIRCUIT COMP. NO.	IDENTIFICATION
CD4011	U6	$\begin{array}{c} Vcc & 4B & 4A & 4Y & 3Y & 3B & 3A \\ \hline 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 \\ \hline D & C & C & C & C & C & C & C & C \\ \hline A & B & B & C & C & C & C & C & C & C & C$
14013	U11	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
14049	U8	$\begin{array}{c} NC & 6Y & 6A & NC & 5Y & 5A & 4Y & 4A \\ \hline 16 & 15 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 \\ \hline 0 & F & & & & & \\ \hline 0 & F & & & & & \\ \hline 0 & A & & & & & \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \hline 0 & Vcc & 1Y & 1A & 2Y & 2A & 3Y & 3A & Vss \end{array}$
14071	U9	$\begin{array}{c} Vcc & 4B & 4A & 4Y & 3Y & 3B & 3A \\ \hline 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 \\ \hline D & & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$
74LS174	U7	Vcc $6Q$ $6D$ $5D$ $5Q$ $4D$ $4Q$ CLOCK 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 CK C CK C CK CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEA

MAY BE REPLACED WITH	CIRCUIT COMP. NO.	IDENTIFICATION
5101 or 51L01	U2, U3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3870	U1	XTL 1 4 Vcc XTL 2 N RESET P0 - 0 8 RESET P0 - 1 9 9 P0 - 2 9 9 P0 - 3 9 9 P1 - 1 9 9 P1 - 2 9 9 P4 - 0 9 9 P4 - 1 9 9 P4 - 2 9 9 P4 - 3 11 12 P4 - 4 12 13 P4 - 5 14 9 P4 - 6 14 9 P4 - 7 17 17 P0 - 6 19 19 P1 - 7 9 19 P1 - 6 9 19 P1 - 7 9 19 P1 - 6 9 19 P1 - 7 9 19 P1 - 4 9 19

SCHEMATIC OF THE HEATHKIT $\ensuremath{^{\circ}}$ SA-5010 $\mu\ensuremath{\mathsf{MATIC}}$ KEYER





NOTES:

- 1. Parts are numbered in the following groups:
 - 1 49Parts on the main circuit board.100 109Parts on the LED circuit board.
 - 200 209 Parts on the case.
- 2. All resistors are 1/4 Watt, 5 % unless marked otherwise.
- 3. Capacitor values are in μ F unless marked otherwise.
- 4. \checkmark This symbol indicates a circuit board ground.
- 5. O This symbol with a letter or number in it indicates a wire connected to the circuit board.
- 6. \rightarrow This symbol indicates a plug-in connection.

* Keypad Switching Pattern

PRESSED KEY	PINS CONNECTED
OFF	9, 14
ON	9, 13
TUNE	1, 9
STOP	2, 6
P/C	6, 11
LOAD	6, 10
SEND	3, 6
WPM	2, 7
SPC'G	3, 7
WT	7, 11
RPT	7, 12
PRAC	6, 12
0	5, 8
1	8, 11
2	4, 8
3	2, 8
4	8, 12
5	8, 10
6	3, 8
7	7, 10
8	5, 7
9	4, 7

IC Vcc and Ground Pin Connections

IC	GND PIN #	+5 V PIN #	+5 A PIN #
U1	20, 21	40	
U2	8		22
U3	8		22
U4			
U5			
U6	7	14	
U7	8	1, 16	
U8	8	1	
U9	7	14	
U11	6, 7, 8	14	